

Follow us:
ey.com/en_am
facebook.com/EYArmenia/



EY Law ranked as a leading firm providing legal services in Armenia by Legal500 Ranking and IFLR1000 Ranking 2020.

Facts

On 25 November 2021, the President of the Republic of Armenia signed the law ("the Law") ratified by the National Assembly introducing the concept of electronic services and related regulations in the Republic of Armenia Tax Code.

According to the Law, the provision of electronic services shall be considered the provision of services via an information and telecommunication network (electrical connection), including via the internet, the provision of which is impossible without the use of information technology. The list of electronic services shall be defined by the Government of the Republic of Armenia and be published on the official webpage of the tax authority.

The Law prescribes that the place of provision of electronic services* is considered:

- the Republic of Armenia, if the electronic service is received by an organization, sole entrepreneur or notary registered in the Republic of Armenia
- 2. the Republic of Armenia, if the electronic service is received by the permanent establishment (branch, representative office) of a non-resident organization in the Republic of Armenia, including when the electronic services are directly received by the non-resident organization, but they are used (consumed) by their permanent establishment (branch, representative office) in Armenia
- 3. the Republic of Armenia, if the electronic service is received by a non-resident organization, the permanent place (management place) of whose executive body is located in the Republic of Armenia and such organization actually carries out entrepreneurial activity in the Republic of Armenia, as well as receives services
- 4. a specific country (can also be Armenia), in case the electronic service is received by an individual not considered a sole entrepreneur or a notary ("Individual") and any of the following conditions is met:
 - the place of residence of the Individual receiving the electronic service is in the specific country
 - the location of the bank where the Individual receiving the electronic service has opened a bank account to make payments for those services; or the location of the operator of the electronic money computation system through which the Individual receiving electronic services makes payments for electronic services, is in the territory of the specific country
 - the network address used by the Individual for receiving electronic services is registered in the specific country

the international country code of the telephone number, which is used by the Individual for receiving the services or is indicated when making payments is issued by the specific country.

A non-resident organization that does not have a permanent establishment in Armenia and provides electronic services to Individuals must be registered with the tax authority in accordance with the procedure defined by the Government.

The moment of provision of electronic services to the Individuals shall be the last date of the quarter in which the payment for the electronic service is made in proportion to the amount paid.

The reporting period for the non-resident organization for filing a VAT return with the tax authority and making a VAT payment arising from the electronic services shall be the reporting quarter and be due on the 20th of the month following the reporting quarter.

The Law will enter into force on 1 January 2022.

Who's affected?

The list of electronic services that fall under the above regulations shall be defined by the Government, and published on the official website of the tax authority by the end of the year. Based on the information currently at hand, the following service providers will be affected by the Law:

- ► Advertising service providers through information networks
- Platform providers through information networks
- Providers of rights to use electronic books
- ► Radio or television broadcasting services
- Providers of movie streaming services.

How can we help?

To assist clients in understanding and meeting the VAT requirements arising after the adoption of the Law. We offer:

- ► Initial assessment of whether these requirements apply to a foreign service provider
- Support with obtaining clarifications from the tax authority where the position is not clear
- Support with the VAT registration procedure
- Support with VAT compliance and routine communication with the tax authorities.

For more information, contact the author of this publication:

Kamo Karapetyan

EY Director, head of tax practice in Armenia +374 (10) 50 07 90, ext. 2612 Kamo.Karapetyan@am.ey.com

EY | Building a better working world

EY exists to build a better working world, helping to create long-term value for clients, people and society and build trust in the capital markets.

Enabled by data and technology, diverse EY teams in over 150 countries provide trust through assurance and help clients grow, transform and operate.

Working across assurance, consulting, law, strategy, tax and transactions, EY teams ask better questions to find new answers for the complex issues facing our world today.

EY refers to the global organization, and may refer to one or more, of the member firms of Ernst & Young Global Limited, each of which is a separate legal entity. Ernst & Young Global Limited, a UK company limited by guarantee, does not provide services to clients. Information about how EY collects and uses personal data and a description of the rights individuals have under data protection legislation are available via ey.com/privacy. For more information about our organization, please visit ey.com.

EY works together with companies across the CIS and assists them in realizing their business goals. 5,500 professionals work at 19 CIS offices (in Moscow, Ekaterinburg, Kazan, Krasnodar, Novosibirsk, Rostov-on-Don, St. Petersburg, Togliatti, Vladivostok, Almaty, Atyrau, Nur-Sultan, Baku, Bishkek, Kyiv, Minsk, Tashkent, Tbilisi, Yerevan).

© 2021 Ernst & Young CJSC

https://www.ey.com/en_am

ED None.

This publication contains information in summary form and is therefore intended for general guidance only. It is not intended to be a substitute for detailed research or the exercise of professional judgment. Neither EYGM Limited nor any other member of the global EY organization can accept any responsibility for loss occasioned to any person acting or refraining from action as a result of any material in this publication. On any specific matter, reference should be made to the appropriate advisor.