



Quebec

Combined federal and provincial personal income tax rates - 2020¹

				Quebec			
Taxable income ²		Federal tax ³		Taxable income ²		Provincial tax	
Lower limit	Upper limit	Basic tax ⁴	Rate on excess	Lower limit	Upper limit	Basic tax ⁴	Rate on excess
\$ -	to \$ 13,229	\$ -	0.00%	\$ -	to \$ 15,532	\$ -	0.00%
13,230	to 48,535	-	12.53%	15,533	to 44,545	-	15.00%
48,536	to 97,069	4,422	17.12%	44,546	to 89,080	4,352	20.00%
97,070	to 150,473	12,730	21.71%	89,081	to 108,390	13,259	24.00%
150,474	to 214,368 ⁵	24,324	24.40%	108,391	and up	17,893	25.75%
214,369	and up	39,913	27.56%				

- The tax rates reflect budget proposals and news releases to July 31, 2020. Where the tax is determined under the minimum tax provisions, the above table is not applicable. Alternative minimum tax (AMT) and Quebec minimum tax (QMT) may be applicable where the tax otherwise payable is less than the tax determined by applying the relevant AMT and QMT rates to the individual's taxable income adjusted for certain preference items. The rates do not reflect the health services fund contribution which may be required on non-employment income.
- Taxable income for Quebec purposes is likely to differ from that determined for federal purposes.
- Federal tax payable has been reduced by the 16.5% abatement for Quebec taxpayers whose taxes payable are the aggregate of federal and provincial taxes.
- The federal tax and provincial tax determined by the table should be reduced by all applicable credits (see chart below) other than the basic personal tax credits, which have been reflected in the calculations (see Note 5 below).
- The basic personal amount is comprised of two basic elements: the existing personal amount (\$12,298 for 2020) and an additional amount (\$931 for 2020). The additional amount is gradually phased out for individuals with taxable income in excess of \$150,473 and is fully eliminated for individuals with taxable income in excess of \$214,368. Consequently, the additional amount is clawed back on taxable income in excess of \$150,473 until the additional tax credit of \$117 is eliminated; this results in additional federal income tax (e.g., 0.18% on ordinary income) on taxable income between \$150,474 and \$214,368.

Combined tax rates on dividend income - 2020¹

Taxable income ²		Eligible dividends	Other dividends
\$ -	to \$ 13,229	0.00%	0.00%
13,230	to 15,532	0.00%	5.73%
15,533	to 44,545	4.55%	17.50%
44,546	to 48,535	11.45%	23.25%
48,536	to 89,080	17.77%	28.53%
89,081	to 97,069	23.29%	33.13%
97,070	to 108,390	29.63%	38.41%
108,391	to 150,473	32.04%	40.42%
150,474	to 214,368	35.75%	43.51%
214,369	and up	40.11%	47.14%

- The rates shown are the combined federal and provincial rates (based on budget proposals and news releases to July 31, 2020), and apply to the actual amount of taxable dividends received from taxable Canadian corporations. Eligible dividends are those paid from public corporations and private companies out of earnings that have been taxed at the general corporate tax rate (the dividend must be designated by the payor corporation as an eligible dividend). Where the dividend tax credit exceeds the federal and provincial tax otherwise payable on the dividends, the rates do not reflect the value of the excess credit that may be used to offset taxes payable from other sources of income. This assumption is consistent with prior year rates.
- Taxable income for Quebec purposes is likely to differ from that determined for federal purposes. The tax rates do not reflect the health services fund contribution which may be required on non-employment income.



Quebec

Federal and provincial personal tax credits - 2020¹

	Federal credit ²	Provincial credit ³
Amount of credits:		
Basic personal credit (see notes 4 and 5 above)	\$ 1,540 ¹⁸	\$ 2,330 ^{4, 16}
Spousal credit	1,540 ^{8, 18}	2,330 ¹²
Equivalent-to-spouse credit	1,540 ^{8, 18}	Nil
Dependant aged 18 or over	Nil	652 ⁵
Caregiver credit	911 ¹¹	1,250 ¹³
Age credit	957 ¹⁴	490 ¹⁵
Disability credit	1,074	517
Pension income (maximum)	251	435 ¹⁵
Canada employment credit	156	Nil ¹⁷
Child tax credit - per child under 18	- ¹⁸	Nil ¹⁹
Children's activities credit	-	100 ²⁰
Credits as a percentage of:		
Tuition fees	12.53%	8.00%
Medical expenses ⁶	12.53%	20.00%
Charitable donations ²¹		
- First \$200	12.53%	20.00%
- Remainder	24.22% / 27.56% ⁹	24.00% / 25.75% ¹⁰
CPP/QPP contributions ⁷	12.53%	0.00% ¹⁶
EI/QPIP premiums	12.53%	0.00% ¹⁶
Union or professional dues	0.00%	10.00%

1. This table lists the most common tax credits; other non-refundable and refundable credits may be available.
2. The tax value of the federal credit is generally the sum of the federal credit less the 16.5% abatement for Quebec taxpayers.
3. The tax value of the provincial credit is the value that would apply to taxpayers with sufficient taxes payable to be reduced by the credit.
4. An additional personal credit of \$267 is available for persons living alone, or only with one or more persons under 18 or one or more adult children, grandchildren, or great-grandchildren enrolled in full-time studies (post-secondary studies or vocational training). A further credit of \$330 may be available where the single-parent is living with one or more adult children enrolled in full-time studies. These credits are reduced when the parent's (or grandparent's or great-grandparent's, when applicable) net income exceeds \$35,205.
5. A credit of \$652 is available for related dependants (other than a spouse) aged 18 or over. This credit is not available for dependants enrolled in full-time studies (post-secondary studies or vocational training) who have transferred to a parent a credit amount (up to a maximum of \$1,599) in recognition of the parent's contribution to the dependant's education. This credit is reduced by 15% of the dependant's income.
6. The federal credit applies to eligible medical expenses that exceed the lesser of \$2,397 and 3% of net income. For Quebec purposes, the credit is reduced by 3% of net family income with no limit on the grind.
7. One-half of CPP/QPP paid by self-employed individuals is deductible in computing taxable income.
8. The credit is reduced by 12.53% of the dependant's income.
9. The federal tax credit rate of 27.56% applies to charitable donations in excess of \$200 to the extent the individual has taxable income in excess of \$214,368; otherwise, a federal tax credit rate of 24.22% applies.
10. The Quebec tax credit rate of 25.75% applies to charitable donations in excess of \$200 to the extent the individual has taxable income in excess of \$108,390; otherwise, a tax credit rate of 24.00% applies.
11. The credit is reduced by 12.53% of the particular person's income over \$17,085.
12. This is the maximum credit base that can be transferred from one spouse to another. The credit is reduced by 15% of the spouse's taxable income up to \$15,532.
13. Effective January 1, 2020, last year's tax credit is replaced with a new refundable tax credit. In addition to the basic credit amount to support and co-reside with an adult carereceiver with a severe and prolonged impairment, an additional amount of up to \$1,250 is available, reduced by 16% of the carereceiver's income over \$22,180. An additional amount of \$1,250 may be available for a caregiver who supports and co-resides with a relative aged 70 or older without such impairment.
14. The federal age credit is available to individuals 65 and over. The maximum federal age credit occurs at \$38,508 of net income and declines to nil as net income rises to \$89,422.
15. The provincial age credit is available to individuals 65 and over. The age and pension credits are reduced when net family income exceeds \$35,205.
16. Quebec does not provide separate non-refundable credits for CPP/QPP contributions, EI/QPIP premiums, and contributions to the health services fund, since these are taken into account in the basic personal credit.
17. Quebec provides a net income deduction on eligible work (incl. employment income). A tax credit may also be available for workers 60 or older.
18. The federal tax value of the basic personal credit, the spousal credit and the equivalent-to-spouse credit represents the amount available to taxpayers in the highest tax bracket. An additional amount may be available for individuals with taxable income below \$214,368 (see Note 5 to the chart above). In addition, a federal caregiver tax credit of \$285 may be available in respect of a spouse, dependant or child who is dependent on the individual by reason of mental or physical infirmity.
19. A credit of up to \$895 may be available in respect of a child under 18 years old enrolled in post-secondary studies. This credit is reduced by 15% of the dependant's income.
20. A children's activities tax credit is available for a child between 5 and 15 years old (family income must not exceed \$140,910). An additional amount may be available for a child with a disability.
21. For Quebec purposes, a 25% tax credit for a large cultural donation and a 30% tax credit for cultural patronage may also be claimed.