

Yukon

Combined federal and territorial personal income tax rates - 2024¹

Taxable income						Yukon					
							_	Marginal rate on			
								Eligible	Other		
Lower		Upper				Basic	Rate on	dividend	dividend	Capital	
limit		limit			tax ²	excess	income ³	income ³	gains ⁴		
\$	-	to	\$	15,705	\$	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
	15,706	to		55,867		_	21.40%	0.00%	13.46%	10.70%	
	55,868	to		111,733		8,595	29.50%	7.56%	22.77%	14.75%	
	111,734	to		173,205		25,075	36.90%	15.15%	31.28%	18.45%	
	173,206	to		246,752	5	47,758	42.25%	20.99%	37.44%	21.13%	
	246,753	to		500,000		78,832	45.80%	25.89%	41.52%	22.90%	
	500,001	and up		-		194,820	48.00%	28.92%	44.05%	24.00%	

- 1. The tax rates reflect budget proposals and news releases to June 1, 2024. Where the tax is determined under the alternative minimum tax provisions (AMT), the above table is not applicable. AMT may be applicable where the tax otherwise payable is less than the tax determined by applying the relevant AMT rate to the individual's taxable income adjusted for certain preference items.
- 2. The tax determined by the table should be reduced by the applicable federal and territorial tax credits (see chart below), other than the basic personal tax credits, which have been reflected in the calculations (see Note 5 below).
- 3. The rates apply to the actual amount of taxable dividends received from taxable Canadian corporations. Eligible dividends are those paid by public corporations and private companies out of earnings that have been taxed at the general corporate tax rate (the dividend must be designated by the payor corporation as an eligible dividend). Where the dividend tax credit exceeds the federal and territorial tax otherwise payable on the dividends, the rates do not reflect the value of the excess credit that may be used to offset taxes payable from other sources of income. This assumption is consistent with prior year rates.
- 4. The rates apply to the actual amount of the capital gain. The 2024 federal budget proposes to increase the capital gains inclusion rate for individuals from one-half to two-thirds on the portion of capital gains realized in the year exceeding \$250,000, for capital gains realized on or after June 25, 2024. The annual \$250,000 threshold will not be prorated for 2024 and will apply only in respect of net capital gains realized on or after June 25, 2024. For purposes of this table, it is assumed that the net capital gains realized on or after June 25, 2024, do not exceed \$250,000; therefore, the inclusion rate remains at one-half. The capital gains exemption on qualified farm and fishing property and small business corporation shares may apply to eliminate the tax on those specific properties.
- 5. The federal and territorial basic personal amounts comprise two elements: the base amount (\$14,156 for 2024) and an additional amount (\$1,549 for 2024). The additional amount is reduced for individuals with net income in excess of \$173,205 and is fully eliminated for individuals with net income in excess of \$246,752. Consequently, the additional amount is clawed back on net income in excess of \$173,205 until the additional tax credit (\$232 federally and \$99 in Yukon) is eliminated; this results in additional federal and territorial income tax (e.g., 0.32% and 0.13%, respectively, on ordinary income) on taxable income between \$173,206 and \$246,752.

A chart of the most common non-refundable tax credits is available on the next page

Source: Ernst & Young Electronic Publishing Services Inc.



Yukon

Federal and territorial personal tax credits - 20241

		ederal credit	Territorial credit	
Amount of credits:				
Basic personal credit (see notes 2 and 5 above) ^{2,3}	\$	2,123	\$	906
Spousal credit (reduced when spouse's income over \$0) ^{2,3} Equivalent-to-spouse credit (reduced when dependant's income		2,123		906
over \$0) ^{2,3}		2,123		906
Caregiver credit (reduced when the particular person's income				
over \$19,666)		1,256		536
Age credit (65 and over) ⁴		1,319		563
Disability credit ⁵		1,481		632
Pension income (maximum)		300		128
Canada employment credit		215		92
Child arts credit ⁶		=		32
Credits as a percentage of:				
Tuition fees		15.00%		6.40%
Medical expenses ⁷		15.00%		6.40%
Charitable donations				
- First \$200		15.00%		6.40%
- Remainder ⁸	2	9% / 33%		12.80%
CPP contributions ⁹		15.00%		6.40%
El premiums		15.00%		6.40%

- 1. This table lists the most common non-refundable tax credits; other non-refundable and refundable credits may be available.
- 2. The federal and territorial tax value of the basic personal credit, the spousal credit and the equivalent-to-spouse credit represents the amount available to taxpayers in the highest tax bracket. An additional amount may be available for individuals with net income below \$246,752 (see Note 5 to the chart above).
- 3. A federal and territorial caregiver tax credit of \$392 and \$167 respectively may be available in respect of a spouse, dependant or child who is dependent on the individual by reason of mental or physical infirmity.
- 4. The maximum federal age credit of \$1,319 occurs at \$44,325 of net income and declines to nil as net income rises to \$102,925. The maximum territorial age credit of \$563 occurs at \$44,325 and declines to nil as net income rises to \$102,925.
- 5. A federal supplement of \$864 is available for an individual who is under 18 years of age, reduced by the total child care and attendant care expenses claimed for the individual in excess of \$3,373. A territorial supplement of \$369 is available for an individual who is under 18 years of age, reduced for the total child care and attendant care expenses claimed for the individual in excess of \$3,372.
- 6. In addition, a refundable territorial child fitness tax credit of up to \$64 per child may be available. Additional amounts may be available for a child with a disability.
- 7. The credit applies to eligible medical expenses that exceed the lesser of \$2,759 and 3% of net income.
- 8. The federal tax credit rate of 33% applies to charitable donations in excess of \$200 to the extent the individual has taxable income in excess of \$246,752; otherwise, a federal tax credit rate of 29% applies.
- 9. One-half of CPP paid by self-employed individuals is deductible in computing taxable income.