



# IFRS adopted by the European Union

IFRS standards and amendments  
issued by the IASB and endorsed  
by the EU as at 30 June 2021.

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# 1. The European endorsement mechanism for IFRSs

In July 2002, the European Parliament adopted Regulation No. 1606/2002 which required publicly traded EU incorporated companies to prepare, by 2005 at the latest, their consolidated financial statements under IFRS 'adopted' for application within the EU. This Regulation established the basic rules for the creation of an endorsement mechanism for the adoption of IFRS, the timetable for implementation and a review clause to permit an assessment of the overall approach proposed. The European Commission (the Commission) took the view that an endorsement mechanism was needed to provide the necessary public oversight. The Commission considered also that it was not appropriate, politically or legally, to delegate accounting standard-setting unconditionally and irrevocably to a private organisation over which the Commission had no influence. In addition, the endorsement mechanism is responsible for examining whether the standards adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) satisfy relevant EU public policy criteria.

The role of the endorsement mechanism is not to reformulate or replace IFRS, but to oversee the adoption of new standards and interpretations, intervening only when they contain material deficiencies or have failed to cater for features specific to the EU economic or legal environments. The central task of this mechanism is to confirm that IFRS provides a suitable basis for financial reporting by listed EU companies. The mechanism is based on a two-tier structure, combining a regulatory level with an expert level, to assist the Commission in its endorsement role. The following describes the single steps of the endorsement process:

1. The IASB adopts a new standard, an amendment to an existing standard, or an interpretation of a standard
2. The European Financial Reporting Advisory Group (EFRAG) provides its advice to the Commission on endorsement
3. If the Commission decides to endorse the new standard, interpretation or amendment, it prepares a draft regulation and submits it to the Accounting Regulatory Committee of representatives of EU Member States (ARC)
4. If the ARC's opinion is positive, the Commission submits the draft regulation to the European Parliament and the Council of Europe for a 3-month scrutiny period
5. If there are no objections from the European Parliament or the Council of Europe, the Commission adopts the endorsing regulation.

## 2. Published International Financial Reporting Standards

The table below provides an overview of the status of the European Union (EU) endorsement process of IFRS standards, interpretations and amendments issued by the IASB as at 30 June 2021, with an EU effective date on or after 1 January 2021. Information related to EU endorsement has been updated as at 30 June 2021 with the latest official EFRAG endorsement status report being available as at 16 July 2021.

Some standards and amendments are adopted by the EU with an effective date later than that established by the IASB. Therefore, the effective date of application in the EU is separately listed in the table below:

Standard / interpretation	IASB		EU		
	Amendments	Effective date	Effective date	Regulation as of	Published on
IFRS 1 <i>First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards</i>	<i>Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle: Subsidiary as a First-Time Adopter</i>	1 January 2022	1 January 2022	28 June 2021	2 July 2021
IFRS 3 <i>Business Combinations</i>	Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022	1 January 2022	28 June 2021	2 July 2021
IFRS 4 <i>Insurance Contracts</i>	Deferral of IFRS 9	1 January 2021	1 January 2021	15 December 2020	16 December 2020
	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2	1 January 2021	1 January 2021	13 January 2021	14 January 2021
IFRS 7 <i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures</i>	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2	1 January 2021	1 January 2021	13 January 2021	14 January 2021
IFRS 9 <i>Financial Instruments</i>	<i>Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle: Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities</i>	1 January 2022	1 January 2022	28 June 2021	2 July 2021
	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2	1 January 2021	1 January 2021	13 January 2021	14 January 2021
IFRS 10 <i>Consolidated Financial Statements</i>	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred indefinitely	Postponed	Open	Open
IFRS 16 <i>Leases</i>	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2	1 January 2021	1 January 2021	13 January 2021	14 January 2021

IASB			EU		
Standard / interpretation	Amendments	Effective date	EU adoption		
			Effective date	Regulation as of	Published on
	Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021	1 April 2021	Open	Open	Open
IFRS 17 <i>Insurance Contracts including Amendments to IFRS 17</i>	Amendments to IFRS 17	1 January 2023	Open	Open	Open
IAS 1 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements</i>	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023	Open	Open	Open
	Disclosure of Accounting policies	1 January 2023	Open	Open	Open
IAS 8 <i>Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors</i>	Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023	Open	Open	Open
IAS 12 <i>Income Taxes</i>	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023	Open	Open	Open
IAS 16 <i>Property, Plant and Equipment</i>	Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022	1 January 2022	28 June 2021	2 July 2021
IAS 28 <i>Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures</i>	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred indefinitely	Postponed	Postponed	Postponed
IAS 37 <i>Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets</i>	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022	1 January 2022	28 June 2021	2 July 2021
IAS 39 <i>Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement</i>	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2	1 January 2021	1 January 2021	13 January 2021	14 January 2021
IAS 41 <i>Agriculture</i>	<i>Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle:</i> Taxation in Fair Value Measurements	1 January 2022	1 January 2022	28 June 2021	2 July 2021

### 3. Status of standards, interpretations or amendments in the endorsement process

The table in this section reflects a summary of standards, interpretations and amendments still being considered for endorsement by the EU. The majority of those standards, interpretations and amendments have an IASB-effective date on or after 1 January 2021 and are therefore also included in the table above in section 2. However, the EU endorsement process is only completed when the standard, interpretation or amendment is published in the Official Journal of the European Union. The advice from EFRAG and the vote by the ARC are not sufficient to adopt a standard, interpretation or an amendment.

All IASB/IFRS Interpretations Committee documents not shown in the table below have been endorsed, except for certain IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* hedge accounting requirements that have not been endorsed. In October 2004, a qualified majority of Member States in the ARC were of the opinion that the Commission should adopt IAS 39 with two “carve outs”. The European Parliament also supported this solution. Therefore, in November 2004, the Commission adopted a Commission Regulation endorsing IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*, with the exception of certain provisions on the use of the full fair value option and on hedge accounting. This referred to the provisions relating to hedge accounting that prevent the application of hedge accounting to a portfolio of core deposits, and the provisions that assimilate a prepayment risk to an interest rate risk. The Commission did not replace any of the provisions contained in the standard, nor did it add anything; it simply removed, or carved out, certain provisions. The two issues were carved out because the Commission considered that the related provisions were not yet suitable for adoption and required further revision.<sup>1</sup> In November 2005, the Commission endorsed the amended version of IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement – the Fair Value Option* with a restricted fair value option. The second carve-out relating to certain hedge accounting provisions is still effective.

With respect to IAS 27 *Separate Financial Statements*, note that in February 2007, the Commission issued two interpretations that address the conflict between the requirements of IAS 27 and the 4<sup>th</sup> Company Law Directive (78/660/EEC; the 4<sup>th</sup> Directive) and 7<sup>th</sup> Company Law Directive (83/349/EEC; the 7<sup>th</sup> Directive).<sup>2</sup> The first interpretation states that the Commission Services are of the opinion that a parent company always has to prepare annual accounts as defined by the 4<sup>th</sup> Directive. Where, under the 7<sup>th</sup> Directive, a parent company is exempt from preparing consolidated accounts, but chooses, or is required, to prepare its annual accounts in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the EU, those provisions in the then extant IAS 27 *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements* (now superseded by IFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements*) setting out the requirement to prepare consolidated accounts do not apply. Such annual accounts are described as having been prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the EU. The second interpretation states that the Commission Services are of the opinion that, if a company chooses, or is required, to prepare its annual accounts in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the EU, it can prepare and file them independently from the preparation and filing of its consolidated accounts and, thus, in advance, where the national law transposing the 4<sup>th</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup> Directives requires or permits separate publication.

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<sup>1</sup> Please refer for further information to: [https://ec.europa.eu/commission/presscorner/detail/en/MEMO\\_04\\_265](https://ec.europa.eu/commission/presscorner/detail/en/MEMO_04_265).

<sup>2</sup> Please refer to the agenda paper for the meeting of the Accounting Regulatory Committee on 24 November 2006 (Document ARC/19/2006) and to the agenda paper for the meeting of the Accounting Regulatory Committee on 2 February 2007 (Document ARC/8/2007).



The following IASB documents were still being considered for endorsement as of 16 July 2021 (date of the latest official EFRAG endorsement status report being available):

IASB		EU		
Standard/interpretation/amendment	IASB-effective date	EFRAG endorsement advice	ARC vote	Expected adoption
IFRS 14 <i>Regulatory Deferral Accounts</i> (issued on 30 January 2014)	1 January 2016	The European Commission has decided not to launch the endorsement process of this interim standard and to wait for the final standard.	Not applicable	Not applicable
IFRS 17 <i>Insurance Contracts</i> (issued on 18 May 2017); including Amendments to IFRS 17 (issued on 25 June 2020)	1 January 2023	31 March 2021	16 July 2021	Q4 2021
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28: <i>Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture</i> (issued on 11 September 2014)	Deferred indefinitely	Postponed	Open	Open
Amendments to IAS 1 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current - Deferral of Effective Date</i> (issued on 23 January 2020 and 15 July 2020 respectively)	1 January 2023	Open	Open	Open
Amendments to IAS 1 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements</i> and IFRS <i>Practice Statement 2: Disclosure of Accounting policies</i> (issued on 12 February 2021)	1 January 2023	8 July 2021	Open	Open
Amendments to IAS 8 <i>Accounting policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors: Definition of Accounting Estimates</i> (issued on 12 February 2021)	1 January 2023	8 July 2021	Open	Open
Amendments to IFRS 16 <i>Leases: Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021</i> (issued on 31 March 2021)	1 April 2021	2 April 2021	Open	Open
Amendments to IAS 12 <i>Income Taxes: Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction</i> (issued on 7 May 2021)	1 January 2023	Q4 2021	Open	Open

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### About EY's International Financial Reporting Standards Group

A global set of accounting standards provides the global economy with one measure to assess and compare the performance of companies. For companies applying or transitioning to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), authoritative and timely guidance is essential as the standards continue to change. The impact stretches beyond accounting and reporting to the key business decisions you make. We have developed extensive global resources – people and knowledge – to support our clients applying IFRS and to help our client teams. Because we understand that you need a tailored service as much as consistent methodologies, we work to give you the benefit of our deep subject matter knowledge, our broad sector experience and the latest insights from our work worldwide.

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