EY Alert

India and the UAE sign Comprehensive Economic Partnership Agreement

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Executive summary

This Alert summarizes the Comprehensive Economic Partnership Agreement (CEPA) signed between India and UAE on 18 February 2022 in New Delhi. The Agreement expected to enter into force on 01 May 2022, is likely to open a host of opportunities for both the economies. The merchandise trade between the two countries is projected to increase from \$60 billion in 2019-20 to US\$ 100 billion over the next five years. ¹

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 $\frac{\text{https://www.pib.gov.in/PressReleasePage.aspx?PRID=1799439\#:}}{\text{citext=India}\%20 \text{and}\%20 \text{UAE}\%20 \text{signed}\%20 \text{the,Shri}\%20 \text{Narendra}\%20 \text{Modification}}$



Background

- UAE is India's third largest trading partner with US\$ 60 billion bilateral trade in FY 2019-20.
- Exports to the UAE were valued at US\$ 29 billion for the year 2019-20 making UAE the second largest export destination for India.
- Indian imports from the UAE were valued around US\$ 30 billion, including 21.83 MMT (US\$ 10.9 billion) of crude oil.
- The UAE is the eight largest investor in India with an estimated investment of US\$ 18 billion.

Both sides have also agreed to a separate Annex on Pharmaceuticals to facilitate access of Indian pharmaceuticals products, especially automatic registration and marketing authorization in 90 days for products meeting specified criteria.

CEPA- overview

CEPA will cover the following areas:

Trade in Goods, Rules of Origin, Trade in Services, Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), Sanitary and Phytosanitary (SPS) measures, Dispute Settlement, Movement of Natural Persons, Telecom, Customs Procedures, Pharmaceutical products, Government Procurement, IPR, Investment, Digital Trade and Cooperation in other Areas.

Trade in Goods

The agreement covers almost all the tariff lines dealt by India (11,908 tariff lines) and the UAE (7581 tariff lines) respectively.

India will benefit from preferential market access provided by the UAE on over 97 % of its tariff lines which account for 99% of Indian exports to the UAE in value terms, especially for all labor-intensive sectors such as Gems and Jewellery, Textiles, leather, footwear, sports goods, plastics, furniture, agricultural and wood products, engineering products, medical devices, and Automobiles.

India will also be offering preferential access to the UAE on over 90% of its tariff lines, including lines of export interest to the UAE.

Trade in Services

India has offered market access to the UAE in around 100 sub-sectors, while Indian service providers will have access to around 111 sub-sectors from the 11 broad service sectors such as 'business services', 'communication services', 'construction and related engineering services', 'distribution services', 'educational services', 'environmental services', 'financial services', 'health related and social services', 'tourism and travel related services', 'recreational cultural and sporting services' and 'transport services'.

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Analysis of Trade in Goods and Rules of Origin

Trade in Goods

A. India's imports from UAE

Below is the summary of India's offer to the UAE for elimination/reduction in tariffs:

S. No.	Criteria	Number of tariff lines
1	Zero duty on entry into force of the agreement	7694
2	Phased Elimination of tariffs	2401
3	Reduction in tariffs	634
4	Tariff rate quota	22
5	Not on Offer	1157
6	Total	11908

- India has kept items such as dairy, fruit, cereals, vegetables, tea, coffee, tobacco, dyes, soaps, footwear, petroleum, tyres, toys, aluminium scrap, copper, processed marble, among others, out of the trade pact with the UAE.
- There is also a separate exclusion list for some products, including dairy, tea, coffee, spices, sugar, and tobacco, to protect the domestic industry.

B. India's exports to UAE

CEPA shall provide immediate market access at zero duty from day one of the entry into force of the Agreement, accounting for 90% of India's exports in value terms to UAE covering all labor-intensive sectors such as:

Textiles, Engineering products, Gems and Jewellery, Pharmaceuticals & medical devices, Plastics, Automobiles, Leather & Footwear, Agricultural products, Other - Furniture, wood products & sports goods

Zero duty within 5 to 10 years on additional 9% of our trade value shall be provided for the following products:

Electronic Goods, Chemicals and Petrochemicals, Articles of Stone, Cement, Ceramics, Machinery

Sector-wise gains from the FTA for India's top laborintensive sectors

Sector	Expected Gains	
Textiles	Increase in exports of \$2 billion over next 5 years	
Engineering Products	Expected growth in exports to UAE: 10% (first two years) 15% (next three years) Exports are projected at \$7 billion (2024-25) \$8 billion (2025-26) \$9.2 billion (2026-27)	
Pharmaceuticals & medical devices	Growth in the next 5 years can touch over \$1 billion	
Plastics	Additional increase in exports of approx. \$1.3 billion	
Agricultural Products	Additional increase in exports is projected at \$ 850 million over next 5 years	
Automobiles	Increase in exports over 5- year horizon is \$160 million	
Leather and Footwear	Additional increase in exports projected at \$130 million over next 5 years.	

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Rules of Origin

CEPA has mandated stringent rules of origin conditions, with 40 per cent value addition for most industrial products to ensure that substantial processing takes place in UAE on the inputs imported in the third country before they are exported to India.

The Rules of Origin for major sectors are as below: -

- Wholly Obtained Criteria for most Agriculture products
- Change in Tariff Heading + 40% Value Addition for most Industrial products
- For Jewellery -Change in Tariff Sub-heading+ 3-6%
 Value Addition

Comments

The industry is looking forward to the benefits CEPA shall bring about. The enhanced market access for Indian exports due to reduction in tariffs will be beneficial, especially for laborintensive sectors like textile, pharmaceuticals, gems and jewellery, plastic products, auto, etc. For example, the unit price for Indian manufactured vehicles will reduce, thereby opening up a bigger market for India's exports with likely addition of immigrants and locals of UAE, who prefer affordable new vehicles.

We believe that CEPA will open a host of opportunities in the form of development of new trade, investment, and innovation for both the economies. It would be interesting to analyze tariff concessions and the rules of origin changes brought about by CEPA for each sector in detail.

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