

Union Budget

2024-25

Revitalizing Real estate | Unveiling strategic boost

Policy and tax reforms impacting the Real estate sector



Gaurav Karnik Partner and Sector Leader, Real Estate EY - India



With a view to providing further impetus to the Indian real estate sector, Modi Government 3.0 announced several initiatives. The increased allocation to PM Aawas Yojana, rental housing for industrial workers, is a testament to the government's adherence to its objective of 'Housing for All'. Further, the announcement of industrial parks, transitoriented development, land reforms and encouraging states to reduce stamp duty should further increase activity in the sector. At the same time, the budget has provided much-awaited parity between listed units of REITs and listed equity shares by reducing the holding period to 12 months, which has been the longstanding ask of the industry. Other provisions such reduction in LTCG tax rate on immovable property without indexation benefit could potentially increase the effective tax outlay. Complementary measures such as the digitization of land records aim to bolster transactional transparency and market confidence.

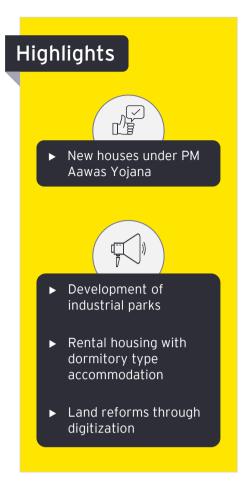
- Revised Capital Gains tax framework for units of REITs: increased tax rates and reduced period of holding
 - Current provisions
 - For listed units of REITs, section 2(42A) provides for a period of holding to be 36 months, whereas the period of holding for listed equity shares is 12 months.
 - ► For unlisted units of REITs, the period of holding is 36 months, as against 24 months for unlisted equity shares.
 - According to section 112A, LTCG arising from transfer of listed units of REITs is to be taxed at the rate of 10%, as increased by applicable surcharge and cess.
 - According to section 112A, LTCG on listed units of REITs is exempted up to INR1,00,000.
 - Similarly, the LTCG tax rate applicable on transfer of unlisted units of REITs is 20%, with indexation benefit. For non-residents, such gains are taxable at the rate of 10%, without indexation benefit. All rates are to be increased by applicable surcharge and cess under section 112.
 - STCG tax rate applicable on transfer of listed units of REITs is 15% plus applicable surcharge and cess under section 111A.
 - ▶ Proposed amendments with effect from 23 July 2024
 - Listed units of REITs, period of holding reduced to 12 months
 - Unlisted units of REITs, period of holding reduced to 24 months
 - The LTCG tax rate on listed units of REITS has been increased to 12.5% plus applicable surcharge and cess
 - Exemption limit increased to INR1,25,000 for LTCG on listed units of REITs
 - Now, for both residents and non-residents, the LTCG tax rate is 12.5% for all assets (including units of REITs whether listed or unlisted) without any indexation benefit
 - Similarly, STCG tax rate on listed units of REITs has been increased to 20% plus applicable surcharge and cess



- Rationalization of Capital Gains on transfer of immovable property
 - According to section 112, LTCG on transfer of immovable property is to be taxed at the rate of 20% as increased by applicable surcharge and cess. This has now been reduced to 12.5%.
 - According to second proviso to section 48, indexation benefit is available in respect of the transfer of immovable property for computing LTCG tax. This benefit has now been removed.
 - ▶ These amendments will be effective from 23 July 2024.
 - However, fair market value in respect of immovable property acquired before 1 April 2001 shall be considered as the cost of acquisition of such properties while computing capital gains.
- ▶ TDS on payment of rent by certain individuals/ HUF
 - According to section 194-IB, TDS at the rate of 5% has to be deducted on rent paid or payable by an individual/HUF to a resident where the amount exceeds INR50,000 for a month or part of the month.
 - This rate has now been reduced to 2%, as increased by applicable surcharge and cess.
 - ▶ This amendment will be effective from 1 October 2024.
- ▶ TDS on transfer of immovable property
 - According to section 194-IA, TDS at the rate of 1% must be deducted on transfer of an immovable property where total consideration exceeds INR50,00,000.
 - There was ambiguity on whether the limit of INR50,00,000 is to be seen with respect to each individual transferor or transferee.
 - To remove the ambiguity, in respect of one or more transferor or transferee, aggregate limit of INR50,00,000 is to be considered for all transferors/transferees taken together.
 - ▶ This amendment will be effective from 1 October 2024.
- Rental income from letting out of residential house property to be taxed under 'Income from House Property'
 - Rental income from letting of house property is taxable either under 'Income from House Property' or under PGBP.
 - Under PGBP, higher deductions are allowable against the rental income as against the case where the same is taxed as Income from House Property.
 - ► Now, rental income from letting of residential property is to be taxed under Income from House Property only.
 - ▶ This amendment will be effective from 1 April 2025.



- ► Key policy announcements
 - Under PM Aawas Yojana Urban 2.0, housing need of 1 crore urban poor and middle-class families to be addressed with an investment of INR10 lakh crore
 - Under PM Aawas Yojana, 3 crores additional houses to be constructed
 - Development of investment ready "plug and play" industrial parks across 100 cities
 - Rental housing with dormitory type accommodation for industrial workers to be created through PPP mode
 - Transit oriented development plans for 14 cities with a population in excess of 30 lakh
 - State governments encouraged to reduce stamp duty, especially on women owned property
 - Land reforms to be accelerated through digitization of land records, unique land identification numbers for both urban and rural lands.
 - ▶ Phase IV of PM Gram Sadak Yojana to be launched
 - Government to devise a framework for the redevelopment of existing cities
 - Through collaboration with states, government to develop 'Cities as Growth Hubs' by streamlining economic, transit planning, and structured expansion of peri-urban zones through town planning schemes



Impact analysis

- ► The significant investment in PM Aawas Yojana Urban 2.0 is expected to alleviate urban housing deficits, spurring construction activity and economic growth.
- Initiatives for Industrial Parks and PPP-driven rental housing for industrial workers align with the country's manufacturing goals and addresses worker accommodation needs; likely to attract private investment.
- Parity of listed units of REITs from the tax rate and holding period with listed equity should attract more investment in REITs from new and diversified set of investors and provide greater liquidity.
- ► The reduction in LTCG tax on immovable property to 12.5% is offset by the removal of indexation benefits, which could potentially increase the effective tax burden depending on the property's acquisition date.
- Overall, the budget's focus on development, transparency, and tax reforms is poised to invigorate the real estate sector, driving investment and contributing to the overall economy. The effectiveness of these policies will hinge on their implementation and the ongoing support of complementary reforms.
- In essence, the budget is geared towards stimulating growth and investment in the real estate sector, fostering a more transparent and investor-friendly environment, and contributing to the nation's economic progress.

Glossary

- PM Pradhan Mantri
- **REITs Real Estate Investment Trust**
- LTCG Long-Term Capital Gains
- STCG Short-Term Capital Gains
- TDS Tax Deducted at Source
- HUF Hindu Undivided Family
- PGBP Profits and Gains from business and profession



For details on other sectors and solutions visit our website Union Budget 2024

Download the EY India Tax Insights App for detailed insights on tax and regulatory reforms.

Our offices

Ahmedabad

22nd Floor, B Wing, Privilon Ambli BRT Road, Behind Iskcon Temple Off SG Highway Ahmedabad - 380 059 Tel: +91 79 6608 3800

Bengaluru

12th & 13th Floor "UB City", Canberra Block No.24 Vittal Mallya Road Bengaluru - 560 001 Tel: + 91 80 6727 5000

Ground & 1st Floor # 11, 'A' wing Divyasree Chambers Langford Town Bengaluru - 560 025 Tel: + 91 80 6727 5000

Bhubaneswar

8th Floor, O-Hub, Tower A Chandaka SEZ, Bhubaneswar Odisha - 751024 Tel: + 91 674 274 4490

Chandigarh

Elante offices, Unit No. B-613 & 614 6th Floor, Plot No- 178-178A Industrial & Business Park, Phase-I Chandigarh - 160 002 Tel: + 91 172 6717800

Chennai

6th & 7th Floor, A Block, Tidel Park, No.4, Rajiv Gandhi Salai Taramani, Chennai - 600 113 Tel: + 91 44 6654 8100

Delhi NCR

Ground Floor 67, Institutional Area Sector 44, Gurugram - 122 003 Haryana Tel: +91 124 443 4000

3rd & 6th Floor, Worldmark-1 IGI Airport Hospitality District Aerocity, New Delhi - 110 037 Tel: + 91 11 4731 8000

4th & 5th Floor, Plot No 2B Tower 2, Sector 126 Gautam Budh Nagar, U.P. Noida - 201 304 Tel: + 91 120 671 7000

Hyderabad

THE SKYVIEW 10 18th Floor, "SOUTH LOBBY" Survey No 83/1, Raidurgam Hyderabad - 500 032 Tel: + 91 40 6736 2000

Jaipur

9th floor, Jewel of India Horizon Tower, JLN Marg Opp Jaipur Stock Exchange Jaipur, Rajasthan - 302018

Kochi

9th Floor, ABAD Nucleus NH-49, Maradu PO Kochi - 682 304 Tel: + 91 484 433 4000

Kolkata

22 Camac Street 3rd Floor, Block 'C' Kolkata - 700 016 Tel: + 91 33 6615 3400

Mumbai

14th Floor, The Ruby 29 Senapati Bapat Marg Dadar (W), Mumbai - 400 028 Tel: + 91 22 6192 0000

5th Floor, Block B-2 Nirlon Knowledge Park Off. Western Express Highway Goregaon (E) Mumbai - 400 063 Tel: + 91 22 6192 0000

3rd Floor, Unit No 301 Building No. 1 Mindspace Airoli West (Gigaplex) Located at Plot No. IT-5 MIDC Knowledge Corridor Airoli (West) Navi Mumbai - 400708 Tel: + 91 22 6192 0003

Pune

C-401, 4th Floor Panchshil Tech Park, Yerwada (Near Don Bosco School) Pune - 411 006 Tel: + 91 20 4912 6000

10th Floor, Smartworks M-Agile, Pan Card Club Road Baner, Taluka Haveli Pune - 411 045 Tel: + 91 20 4912 6800

Ernst & Young LLP

EY | Building a better working world

EY exists to build a better working world, helping to create longterm value for clients, people and society and build trust in the capital markets.

Enabled by data and technology, diverse EY teams in over 150 countries provide trust through assurance and help clients grow, transform and operate.

Working across assurance, consulting, law, strategy, tax and transactions, EY teams ask better questions to find new answers for the complex issues facing our world today.

EY refers to the global organization, and may refer to one or more, of the member firms of Ernst & Young Global Limited, each of which is a separate legal entity. Ernst & Young Global Limited, a UK company limited by guarantee, does not provide services to clients. Information about how EY collects and uses personal data and a description of the rights individuals have under data protection legislation are available via ey.com/privacy. EYG member firms do not practice law where prohibited by local laws. For more information about our organization, please visit ey.com.

Ernst & Young LLP is one of the Indian client serving member firms of EYGM Limited. For more information about our organization, please visit www.ey.com/en_in.

Ernst & Young LLP is a Limited Liability Partnership, registered under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 in India, having its registered office at Ground Floor, Plot No. 67, Institutional Area, Sector - 44, Gurugram - 122 003, Haryana, India.

©2024 Ernst & Young LLP. Published in India. All Rights Reserved.

This publication contains information in summary form and is therefore intended for general guidance only. It is not intended to be a substitute for detailed research or the exercise of professional judgment. Neither EYGM Limited nor any other member of the global Ernst & Young organization can accept any responsibility for loss occasioned to any person acting or refraining from action as a result of any material in this publication. On any specific matter, reference should be made to the appropriate advisor.



