



## "The world is facing the worst economic fallout since the great depression"

- Kristalina Georgieva, IMF Chief

The COVID-19 pandemic and the subsequent lockdown has dealt a severe blow to an already-stressed global economy

The suddenness, spread and severity of the pandemic across the globe has pushed countries and institutions into uncharted territories

## 200+ countries,

areas or territories with COVID-19 cases

## 3 billion people

under lockdown or 1/3rd of the world's population

Simultaneous

double digit dip

in global supply and

demand

2-3%

contraction of global GDP

Global

levels at an all time high

unemployment

### 170 countries

to experience negative per capita income growth in 2020-21

### ~2500+

**g**overnment pronouncements to manage the crisis

## Significant

decline predicted for global trade in 2020-21

# Estimates based on multiple sources: Bloomberg, UNCTAD, WEF, WTO & ILO.



## Covid-19 will have significant implications for an already stressed Indian economy

### Macroeconomic impact



Significant dip in GDP growth while India continues to be among the fastest growing economies globally



Adverse impact on fiscal deficit due to dual impact of fiscal stimulus and lower revenue collections



Substantial erosion of investor wealth due to flight of foreign capital



Economic stimulus of

Direct cash transfers

Extension of dates for filing

government dues to small /

Accelerated payment of

INR1.7 trillion

Food security measures for poor

contributions

financial results

medium industries

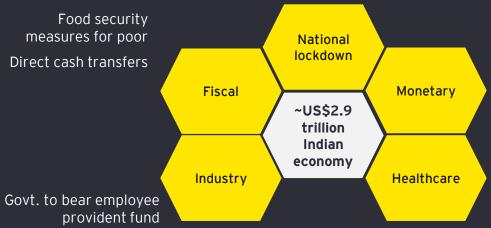
India's response - economic recovery to commence with graded relaxation of lockdown from 4 May 2020



Stringent national lockdown Stringency Index (100=strictest)



100 95.2 90.5 71.4



CRR cut to release INR ~1.4 trillion liquidity

Reporate reduced to historical low of 4.4%

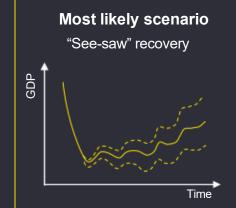
Moratorium on loan payments

INR 150 billion allocated to augment healthcare

Government-sponsored insurance cover for all healthcare workers

600+ dedicated hospitals, 100K+ isolation beds

### Path to recovery



- Deeper and pervasive recession, followed by a slower recovery and likely deflation
- Higher public deficit levels due to stimulus programs
- Protracted weak demand and global value chain disruptions
- Higher capital outflows and currency depreciation



## Sectoral impact of the crisis shall vary across industries

Categories affected by COVID-19	Banking, financial services & insurance	Energy & resources	Healthcare & life sciences	High Tech & tele- communications	Media & entertainment	Public sector	Retail	Advanced manufacturing	Mobility	Education	Non-profits	Travel & transportation
Workforce	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•		•
Operations	•	•	•	•			•				•	•
Supply chain	$\circ$	•	•	•	•		•			$\circ$		•
Revenues		•	•				•				•	•
Overall assessment	•	•	•	•	•	•				•	•	•

Minor Moderate Significant Major Severe

Source: Avasant LLC, EY analysis





## Prolonged see-saw shaped recovery shall lead to a new normal across sectors...

### New normal shall emerge across the economy...

### **Industries**



Industries may experience a stepchange in digitalization, flexibilization and resilience considerations

### **Markets**



Market roles shall increasingly be based on trust and shared risk

### **Societies**



Employee and consumer behavior will change irrevocably

### ...having a cross-sectoral impact

Virtualizat	tion of	
customer	interactions	

Consumers see the benefit of virtual and online service offerings and are likely want to keep it after the pandemic.

### Reputation and trust

Companies have an increased focus on their reputation and are offering services for free, support their neighborhood or repurpose their production capacities for required goods.

### Sharing resources

Companies are adapting their supply chain and ecosystem to the new challenges, creating new collaborations, alliances and assetsharing business models that are blurring the boundaries of established industries.

### Fluid workforce

The changes to working styles can lead to the transformation of established working models in the long term.

## Supply chain repurposing/adjusting

Companies reassess their supply chain strategies and identify measures to strengthen local/regional supply chains and to reduce assets.

## Infrastructure will become a bottleneck

Logistics are a likely bottleneck impacting global supply chains.

## Digitalization is picking up speed

The pandemic shows the weaknesses of today's systems, particularly with regard to flexibility, visibility, paperless processes and forecasting capabilities.

# Regulators will continue to becoming more flexible

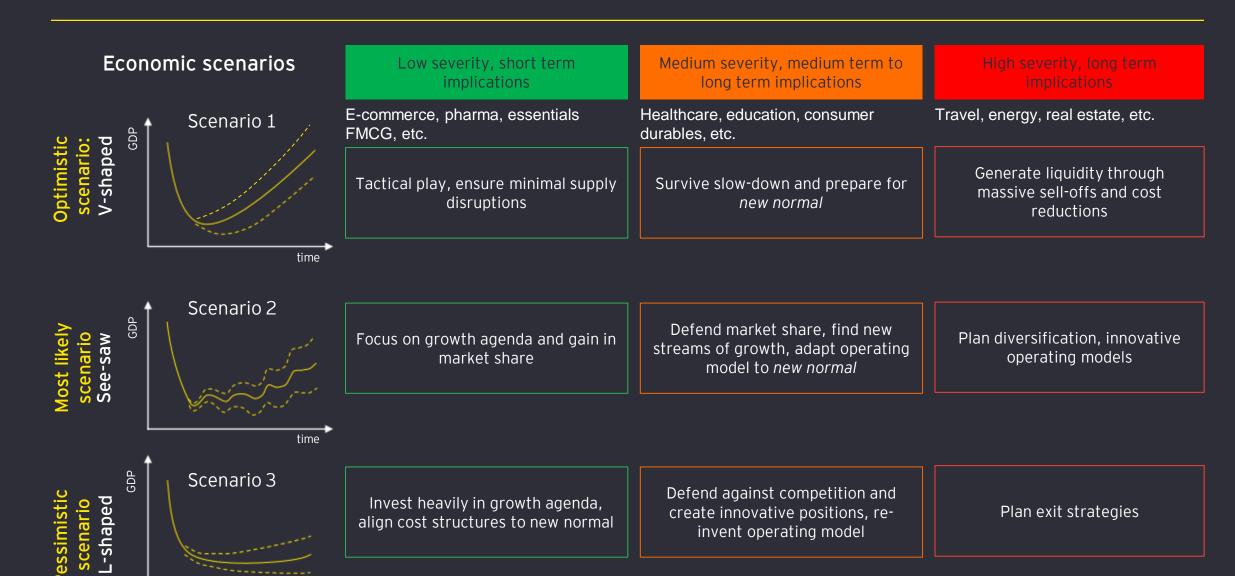
Regulators became more flexible, adjusting regulation to face new challenges.

Source: EY Knowledge



## ...each sector will need to adapt their response

time

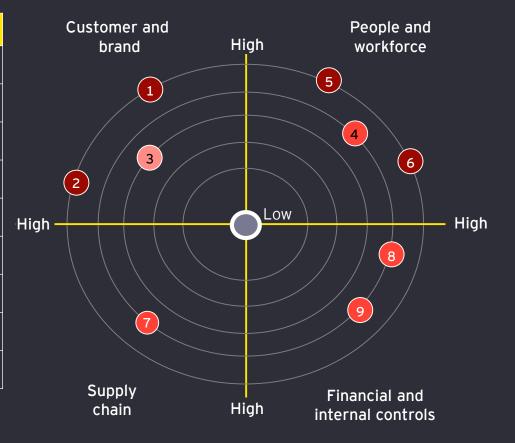






## On the radar Challenges for telecom and digital infrastructure companies

	Impact on telecoms sector
1	Subscriber addition impacted due to retail store closure
2	Inaccessibility to offline recharges impact feature phone and rural users
3	Customer support services under strain
4	Pressure on telecom networks as data consumption spirals
5	Low adoption of business collaboration and productivity tools impact remote working
6	Surge in teleworking increases cyber and data security risks
7	Telecom and OEM companies exposed to long-term supply side risks
8	Inability to contain costs to adversely impact net margin and working capital
9	Financial accounting and reporting considerations in book of accounts







## Client conversations within telecoms

### Sector developments

(1) Customer onboarding Impact: Telcos, DTH, broadband providers



- No subscriber addition with retail store closure
  - Subscriber adds: 3 m (Feb'20); 1.5 m (Mar'20) and Nil (Apr'20)
- e-KYC requires physical visit. Absence of end-to-end digital process impacts customer onboarding
- Fulfilment issues impact installation of DTH and broadband (dongles, modem) connections
  - How can telcos onboard new customers and navigate KYC challenges?
  - What innovative strategies can be adopted for delivery of essential services like SIMs?
  - How will changes to customer operations drive long-term shifts to digital channels?

Offline recharge of prepaid plans Impact: Telcos



- Telcos dispense 2.2 m recharges daily -60% offline
- ► Impacts 250m prepaid users -150 m feature phone and 100 m smartphone users without payment access
- ▶ Telcos adopt alternate tie-ups with ATM, pharmacies and grocery stores
- ► Govt. guidelines permit retail store to partially operate. Physical visits to remain muted amid social distancing
- ► In absence of offline retail recharge points, how will feature phone and rural users recharge?
- How will changes to plan upgrade and bill payments happen?
- How can emerging technologies together - at scale and speed increase customers support?

3 Service management Impact: Telcos, DTH, broadband providers



- Companies call centers running at reduced capacity - increase lead time to service for query resolution
- Focus on digital self-care tools for recharge, bill payment; chatbots for query resolution
- > Significant impact on feature phone users

- ► How do telcos balance customer support on query and complaints with remote workforce?
- What are the cost benefits of digital service enablement over physical set ups?
- How will customer experience function look like now?

Network operations Impact: Telcos, infra providers (OEMs, tower cos)



- Surge in demand for home broadband
- Network traffic increased 20%. No short term impact - networks designed to absorb surge in traffic
- Logistical issues impact tower installations and O&M (diesel refill, site inspection)
- 20% of telco workforce in front line (NOC, Site maintenance). Multiple documentation for curfew passes cause delays
  - How do you manage distributed workforce to ensure uninterrupted services to users?
  - How can digitalization and automation drive network efficiencies?
  - Have telcos identified traffic bottlenecks and adopted prioritization tools to balance network issues?

Questions EY can help answer



## Client conversations within telecoms

### Sector developments

S Remote working for businesses Impact: All



- Absence of adequate business collaboration and productivity tools impacting SMEs and start-ups' remote workforce
- Increase enterprise play: Offer unified communication, cloud based productivity apps and security-as-a service
- Remote workforce: Security and access management
- Is business equipped to handle growing virtual workforce in the current scenario?
- Is there a talent management plan in place to drive Productivity from Home (PFH))?

How can telcos shape new value propositions and accelerate SMEs fully into the cloud?

6 Cyber security Impact: All



- Cyber risks phishing, malware, COVID-19 related ransomware attack, security breaches
- Companies to strengthen cyber resilience:
- VPN licenses and endpoint security
- Security Information and Event Management (SIEM)
- Preferential Access Management (PAM)
- Do companies have business continuity plans in place?
- Have companies adopted measures to detect and monitor events from employees and threat actors?
- Are there proper controls to wipe, restrict, revoke and take action against threats?





- ► High dependence on imports from Asian hubs - mobile components (85%) and telco network gear (US\$5b - US\$6b annually)
- ► High impact on handset industry. Production halts to wipe US\$2.8b -US\$4b in revenues
- Long term supply disruption may trigger price hikes
- How can companies optimise supply chain to manage inventory risks and ease working capital?
- What will be the tax and cost implications of diversifying supply chain exposure?
- Is single vendor sourcing approach better than multi-vendor approach?

8 Cash conservation
9 and treasury management
Impact: All



- Cash flow management
- Weak cash controls to spill over on priority payments - employees, vendors and taxes
- Accounting implications fair value measurement, additional disclosures, forex and treasury management
- Impact of government stimulus, tax and regulatory developments
- What steps can be taken to fast-track cash positions and implement dynamic cash forecasting?
- What strategies can be taken to reduce cash outgoes?
- Do companies have tuned policies in place and a team to deal with adjusted billing and collections?

Questions EY can help answer

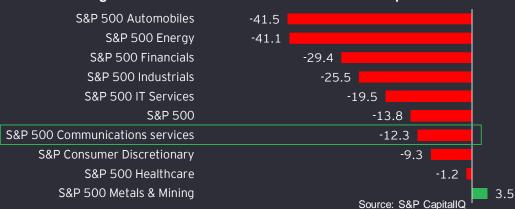


## Impact and outlook for telecom sector

### Global impact on the sector

Global telco share performance is less impacted than other sectors

#### Change in S&P sector index value 03 Feb '20 to 16 Apr'20



- Revenues: Revenue in developed markets to decline 3.4% YoY
  - ▶ Decline in international roaming revenues (~6% of billed revenue/year) in tourismheavy countries
  - ▶ Impact of freebies and waivers offered to B2C subscribers
  - ▶ Decline in global SME ICT spending to impact enterprise revenues
- Infrastructure rollouts: Supply side disruption to slow down 5G and fibre rollouts reduction in capex. Potential upside in 2021-broadband demand to fast-track roll outs
- Supply chain: Global smartphone shipment to decline 3.1% YoY in 2020. Production slow down in Asian manufacturing hubs impact global supply of panels, touch sensors and printed circuit board
- Network operations: 10% 70% spike in network traffic reported. Overall network resilience positive with increased telco focus on traffic management

### Impact on India

#### India mobile services revenue to remain flat

#### Impact on mobile services revenue growth

Market	Pre-COVID FY20 service revenue growth	Revised FY20 service revenue growth	Change
Hong Kong	(0.4%)	(5.6%)	<b>▼</b> 5.3 pps
Thailand	5.3%	2.0%	<b>▼</b> 3.3 pps
Singapore	(0.1%)	(2.5%)	<b>2.5</b> pps
Malaysia	1.5%	(0.7%)	<b>—</b> 2.2 pps
Indonesia	6.2%	4.6%	1.5 pps
India	17.7%	16.1%	<b>1.5</b> pps
Philippines	8.2%	6.9%	▼ 1.4 pps
China	3.5%	2.3%	<b>—</b> 1.3 pps
Australia	(3.6%)	(4.4%)	<b>v</b> 0.8 pps
Korea	2.8%	2.6%	▼ 0.1 pps

Source: Credit Suisse

- ▶ Revenues: Muted revenue growth as subscriber addition falls
  - ▶ Decline in roaming revenues (~2% of mobile service revenue)
  - Slowdown in migration of 2G voice-only customers to 4G
  - Financial impact of validity extension to low-income users
  - Decline in offline recharge of voice and data packs for prepaid users
- ▶ Digital adoption:
  - ▶ Digital recharge of voice and data plans structurally positive adoption grew 40% to 55% in past weeks
  - Increased data consumption online learning, content streaming, video conferencing, remote working
- ▶ Supply chain: Domestic production slowdown to decline smartphone shipments by 3% Y-o-Y
  - ▶ Import challenges persist 87% of mobile phone components sourced from Asian manufacturing hubs running at low capacity with manpower shortage
- Network operations: Telecom network remain resilient. Network Operations Centers (NOCs), virtual WAR Rooms and 20% of telecom staff on front line activated to ensure uninterrupted services



## SWOT analysis for the telecom sector in India

### **STRENGTH**

- ► Large subscriber base (1.1 billion). Limited churn as telcos focus on improving customer experience
- Rise in data consumption data usage is highest globally at 11 GB per user per month
- ▶ Tariff rationalisation in Dec'19 to offset decline in revenues
- ► Resilient networks, function at 60% 65% network capacity well designed to address sudden spike in demand
- ► Improved market performance stock price of listed Indian telcos recorded 15%-35% rise in last one month

### **WEAKNESS**

- ► Financial duress high debt (1.8x sector revenue) and pressure on EDITDA and profit margins
- ▶ Slowdown in customer acquisition to impact revenues
- ▶ Customer service for feature phone users
- ▶ Impact of handset industry slowdown: upward of US\$3b production loss due to manufacturing halts; inability to meet demands amid restriction on offline sales
- ▶ Piecemeal approach to scale digitalization for internal efficiencies

### **OPPORTUNITIES**

- ▶ Accelerate digitalization to reduce cost and real-time insights:
  - ▶ Service management: Call centre automation, chatbots, self-care
  - ▶ Internal processes: Digital HR, finance and tax functions
  - Network virtualisation and move to full cloud environment
- Accelerate enterprise play: upsell to support remote working of businesses
- ► Content partnerships to augment B2C play
- ► Focus on new value propositions in healthcare, education, gaming and agriculture

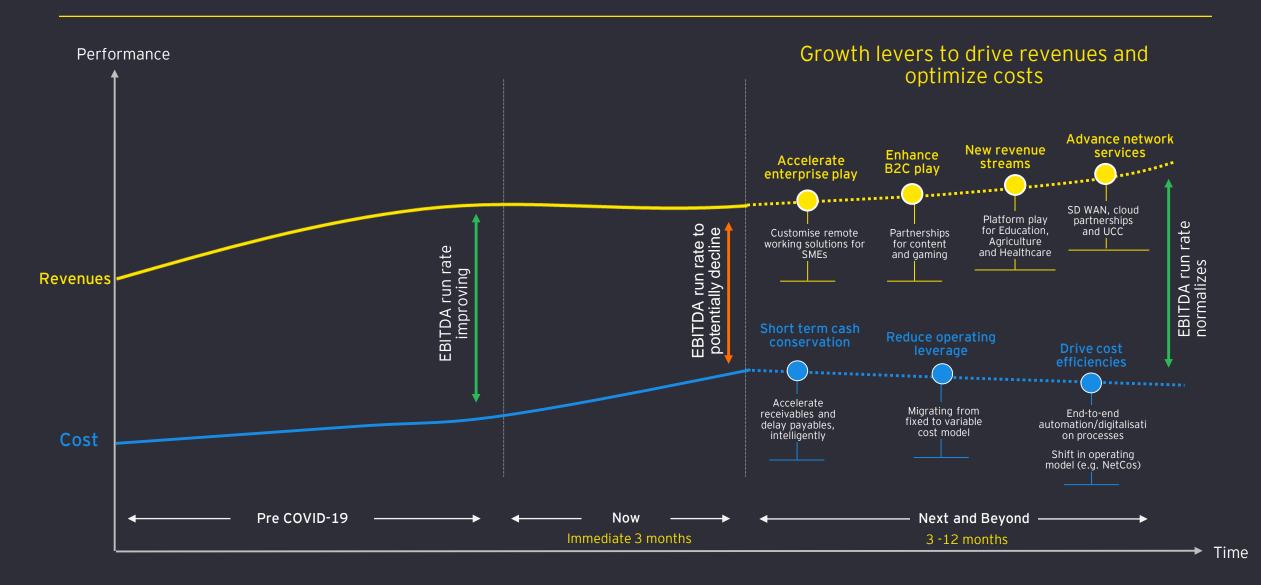
### THREATS

- ▶ Delay in 5G and fiber roll-outs
- ► High prepaid market mobile recharge on offline channels
- Cyber vulnerabilities high risk of data theft and brand damage
- ► Increased risk of frauds inadequate controls and changes in processes to support business continuity
- ▶ Supply chain volatilities high import dependence and limited manpower

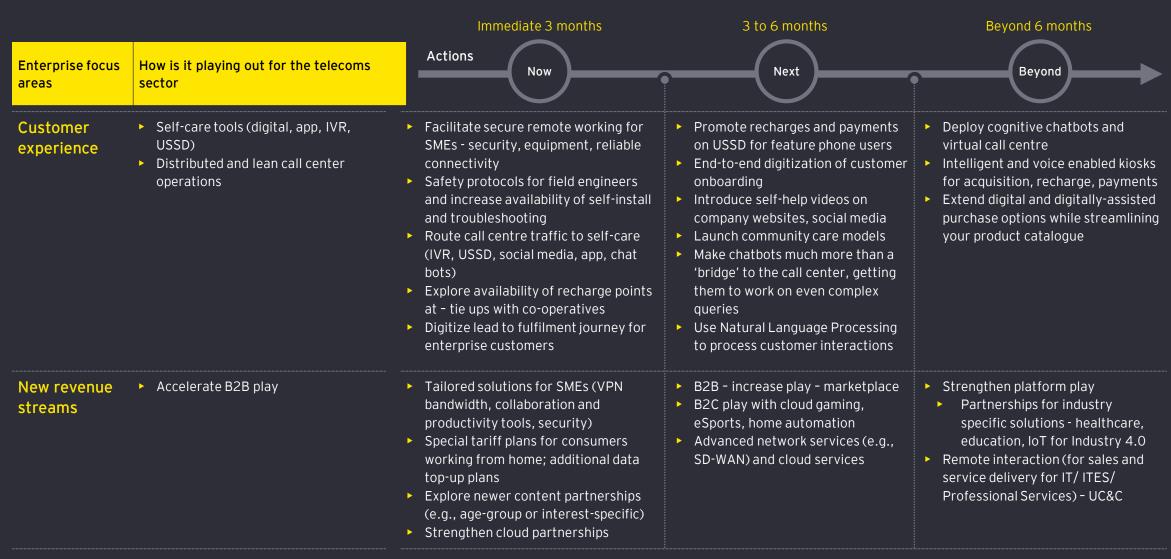




## Reversing the curve: From Now to Next and Beyond



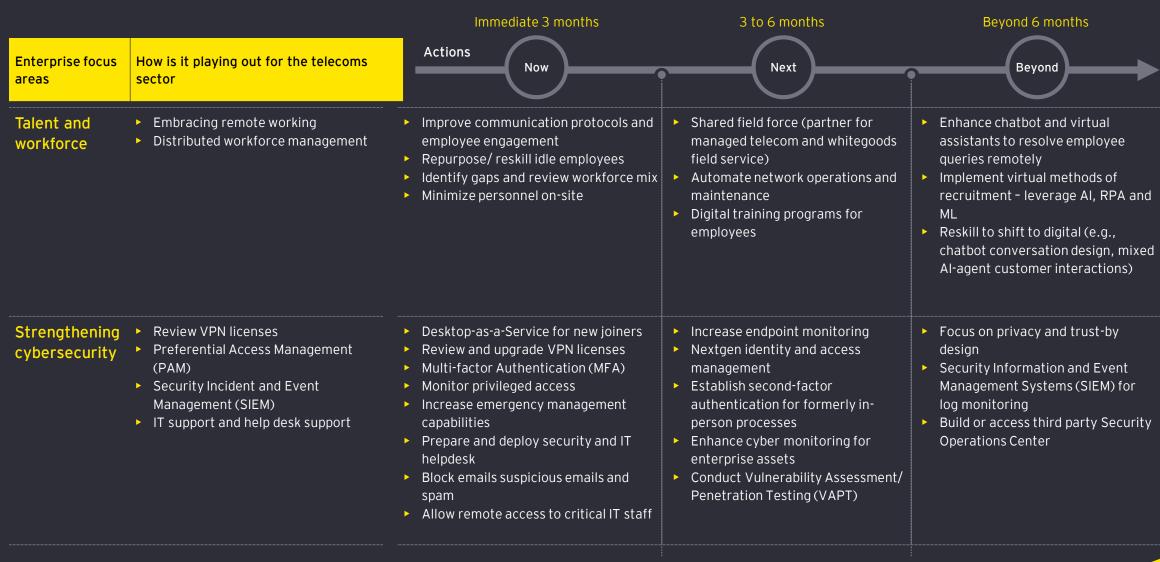


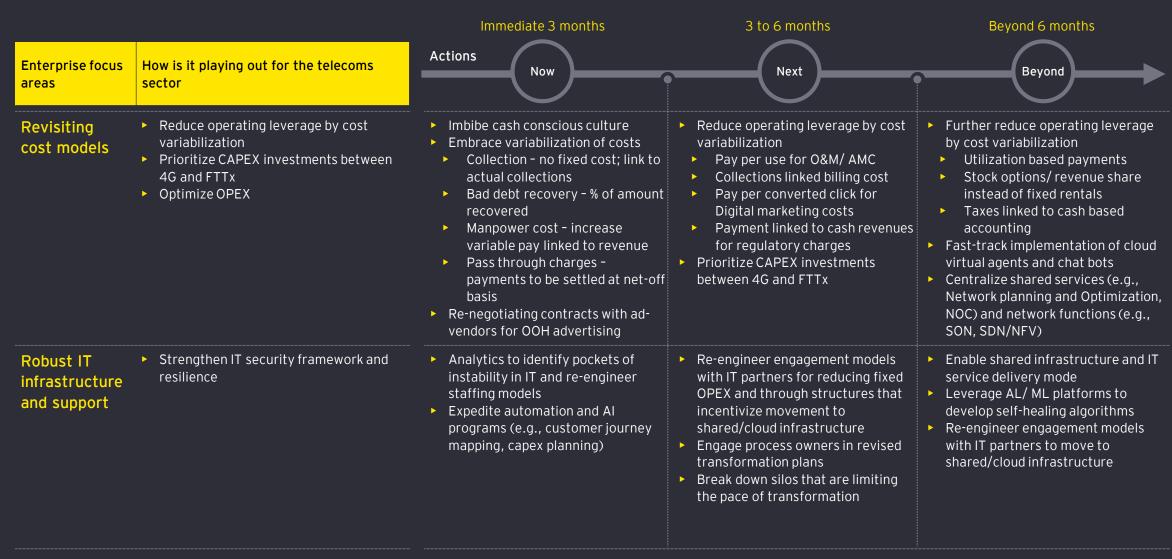




Enterprise focus areas	How is it playing out for the telecoms sector	Immediate 3 months  Actions  Now	3 to 6 months  Next	Beyond 6 months  Beyond
Network resilience	<ul> <li>Minimizing network disruption</li> <li>Geographic re-distribution of network equipment to meet shift in data demand</li> <li>Capacity augmentation</li> <li>Shift from HD to SD content streaming to avoid network congestion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explore Intra Circle Roaming (ICR)</li> <li>Augment capacity with cell-on-wheels</li> <li>Overhaul traffic segmentation frameworks</li> <li>Categorize network services and allocate dedicated channels</li> <li>Use analytics to optimize energy usage</li> <li>Allocate additional bandwidth to home networks</li> <li>Revisit field force route planning to optimise tower O&amp;M</li> <li>Ensure fuel and diesel availability for towers on priority basis</li> <li>Engage with local municipality for additional towers/unblock sealed sites</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reshape and refresh business continuity plan</li> <li>Embrace automated operation and maintenance programs</li> <li>Leverage SDN/NFV for network agility</li> <li>Scenario based RAN planning</li> <li>Fast-track process automation and use of IoT sensors (e.g., diesel filling)</li> <li>Accelerate fibre rollout in high density areas (e.g., society buildings)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Remote troubleshooting and repair assists</li> <li>Al-based network planning for 4G/5G</li> <li>Al-based network automation</li> <li>Dynamic bandwidth allocation</li> <li>Recommendation engine factoring site traffic parameters</li> <li>Automate network query resolution using Al and deep analytics</li> <li>Al-based RAN optimization</li> </ul>
Securing supply chain	<ul> <li>Diversify supplier base</li> <li>Exploring alternatives to deliver RCs/ SIMs to consumers</li> <li>Ensuring adequate inventory - equipment, CPEs, etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tie-ups with e-commerce and essential services providers</li> <li>Develop contingency plans, i.e., alternative vendor selection, reprioritization of network build</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Diversify supplier base</li> <li>Re-evaluate contractual terms</li> <li>Evaluate tax implications</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase localisation efforts to avoid future disruption</li> <li>Adopt multi-vendor strategy to reduce single supplier dependency</li> </ul>







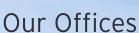


## Changing narrative: focus on growth levers to drive big shifts

- Move from digital-first to digital-throughout
- Drive AI and automation program more broadly across organization and at far greater speed network, customer, IT, front desk, back office
- ▶ Digital customer experience: digital channels to self-service and support journeys. Make chatbots much more than a bridge to the call center for complex queries and increases in mixed Al-agent customer interactions
- ▶ Build and evolve capabilities to support new value propositions, e.g., SD-WAN, cloud networking, SD-WAN
- Network capex deferrals focus toward enhancing capacity and coverage for 4G
- Fiber penetration to rise as a result of higher demand for fixed broadband
- Focus on new revenue streams ------
- Creating new value propositions through technology innovation and cross-industry partnerships
  - Accelerate enterprise play beyond connectivity business collaboration tools, cloud based productivity tools, security-as-a-service
  - Partnerships with industry verticals healthcare (remote diagnostics), education (e-learning), entertainment (content and gaming)
  - ▶ Enhance consumer offerings to include cloud gaming and new forms of connectivity
  - Leverage emerging technologies cloud, AI, automation, blockchain and edge computing to deliver new forms of customer engagement
- Cost efficiencies to gain prominence
- Transition from fixed cost to variable cost model to reduce operating leverage (pay-per-use for O&M/AMC, Network utilization based site rentals, retail store redundancies)
- Automation of business processes for internal efficiencies (e.g., finance, tax, billing and operations)
- ▶ Fundamental shift in market structures (e.g., formation of Netcos)







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