



Table of Contents

Overview / 3
Executive Summary / 4
Research Findings / 5
What Respondents Say / 15
Industry Perspective / 17
Final Considerations / 18
Respondent Profile / 19
About / 24

Overview

Purpose

The narrative around public sector modernization is often one focused on what's lacking, but agencies have been making leaps keeping up with technological innovations and government mandates. Agencies are working to radically improve their operations and services through changing functions, processes, strategies, and technological systems. These efforts, often referred to as transformation programs, range from extremely technical projects, such as digital service delivery, to non-technical initiatives related to workforce and organizational issues.

To identify the role data, technology, and process each play in efforts to enhance government performance, Government Business Council (GBC) partnered with Ernst & Young LLP (EY) to survey the men and women on the public service front lines.

Methodology

GBC and EY fielded a survey in April and May 2019 to a random sample of civilian and military government respondents. A total of 771 respondents participated in the survey.

Executive Summary

Despite moderate success within their organizations, public sector transformation programs are not widely seen as meeting their objectives

Only 39% of those surveyed feel that public sector transformation programs in their organization meet their stated objectives. Programs that have succeeded in meeting their goals tend to be security-related, whereas those that have been least successful are more often related to overall mission impact. Conflicting priorities, lack of coordination between departments, and inadequate funding are cited as the primary challenges to transformation initiatives at most organizations.

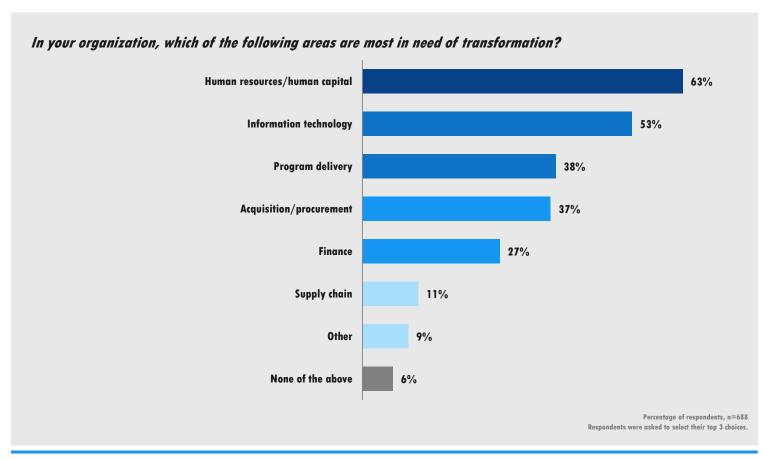
Organizations see a need for transformation programs across multiple departments and are driven to implement them for a variety of reasons

Respondents identify human resources and information technology as the areas most in need of transformation, with program delivery, acquisition, and procurement also being top priorities. Respondents are motivated to undergo transformation programs primarily out of a desire to redesign outdated practices, but other key drivers cited include imperatives to meet changes in compliance as well as achieving cost savings.

Respondents see enormous value in data analytics, but find current processes inadequate

Of the emerging technologies mentioned in the survey, data analytics is perceived as having the greatest potential impact on public sector transformation going forward. Despite its recognized importance, however, only 6% of respondents are very satisfied with the data access their organization provides them to support the decision-making process.

Research Findings



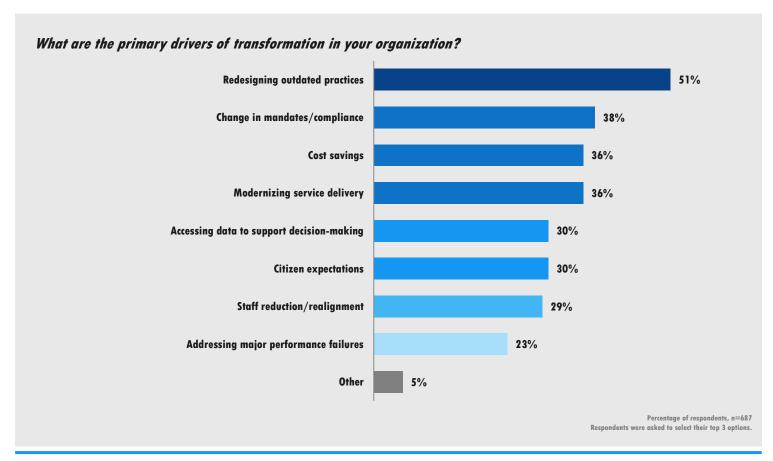
Federal, defense, and state and local agencies are under pressure to transform numerous areas of operation, but human resources/human capital and information technology are the top priorities. Program delivery and acquisition/procurement also feature prominently.

"Other" responses specified by participants included communication, enterprise GIS, contract management, management training and accountability, and quality assurance activities.

63%

of government respondents rank human resources as one of the top 3 areas most in need of transformation.

Agency transformation is primarily motivated by a desire to update legacy practices

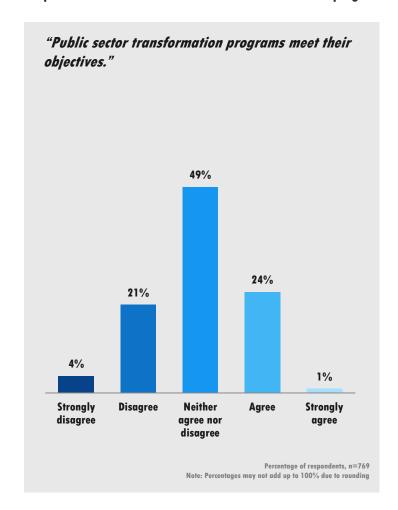


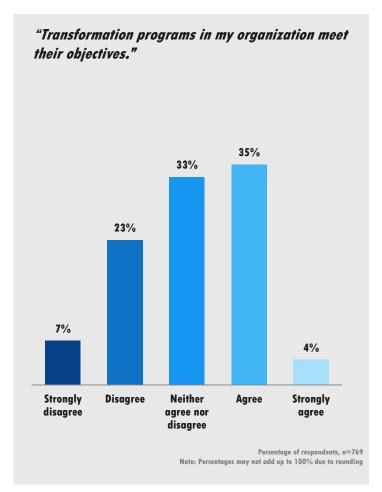
According to survey respondents, redesigning outdated practices is still the biggest factor driving government agencies to transform. Smaller yet significant shares of respondents selected changes in mandates/compliance, cost savings, and modernizing service delivery, indicating that revamping outdated practices is not the only factor pushing organizations forward.

"Other" responses specified by participants included audit readiness, senior management, government directives, politics, and mission needs.

51%

of government respondents report that redesigning outdated practices is a primary driver of transformation. Respondents have seen more success in transformation programs within their organizations, versus the public sector more broadly



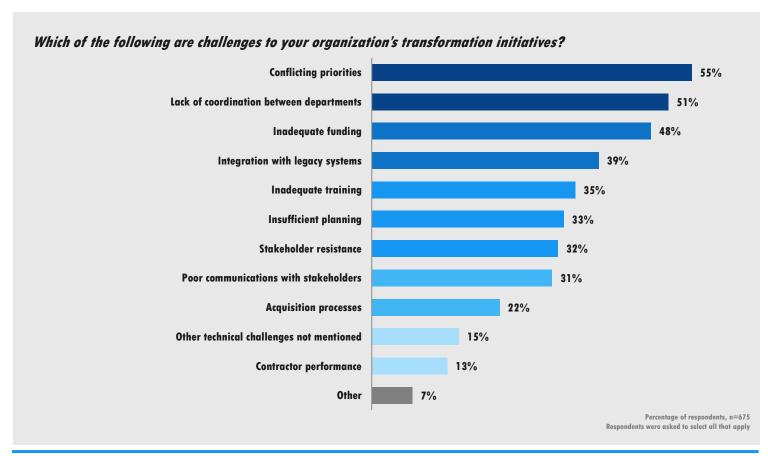


Respondents feel that transformation programs within their specific organization more often meet their objectives than public sector transformations more generally. Slightly more than one-third (39%) of respondents either agree or strongly agree that transformation programs in their organization meet their objectives. Still, a significant portion (30%) disagree that their organization's transformation programs meet their objectives.

39%

of those polled agree or strongly agree that their organization's transformation programs meet their objectives.

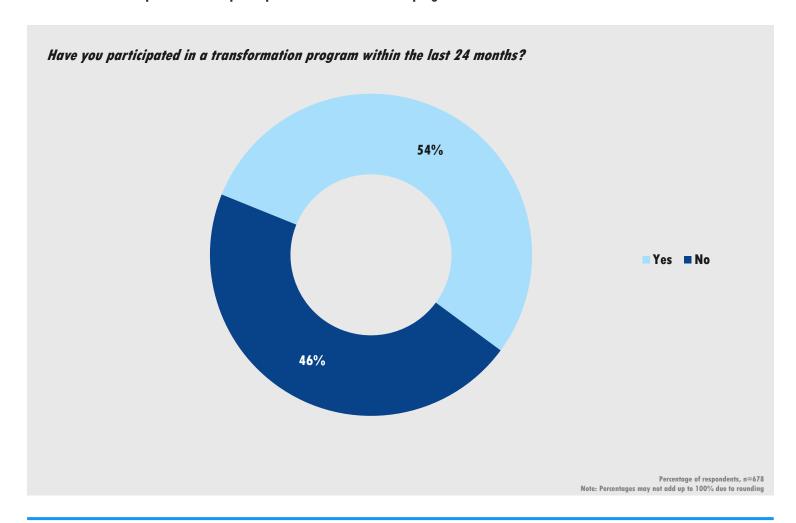
Conflicting priorities, lack of coordination between departments, and inadequate funding are the most common challenges



"Other" responses specified by participants included data privacy limitations to share information, lack of focus on the mission, weak leadership, and human resource bottlenecks.

55%

of government respondents encounter conflicting priorities when implementing transformation programs More than half of respondents have participated in a transformation program within the last 24 months

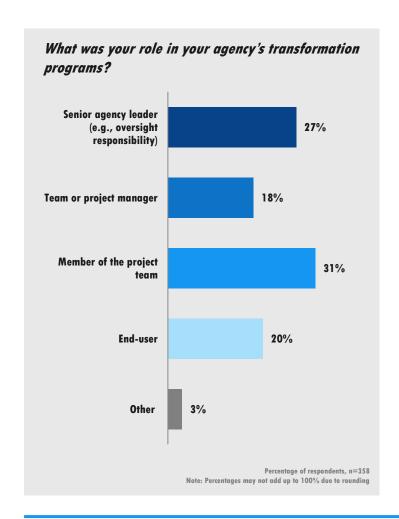


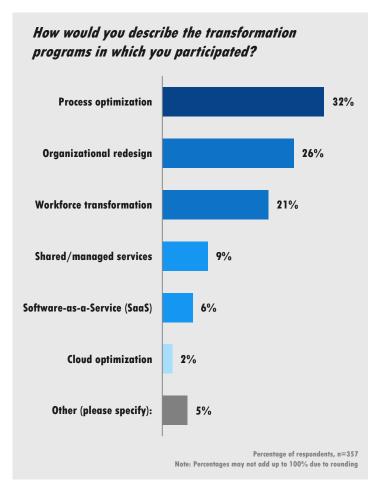
Respondents were provided the following definition of transformation program:

Transformation programs can be defined as efforts to dramatically improve government operations and services by systematically changing a combination of an agency's strategy, workforce, functions, processes, and technology. These initiatives can range in scale from changes within a bureau/division to enterprise-wide shifts.

54%

of respondents report that they have participated in a transformation program within the past two years. Agencies are focused on improving internal processes before looking outward for technology solutions





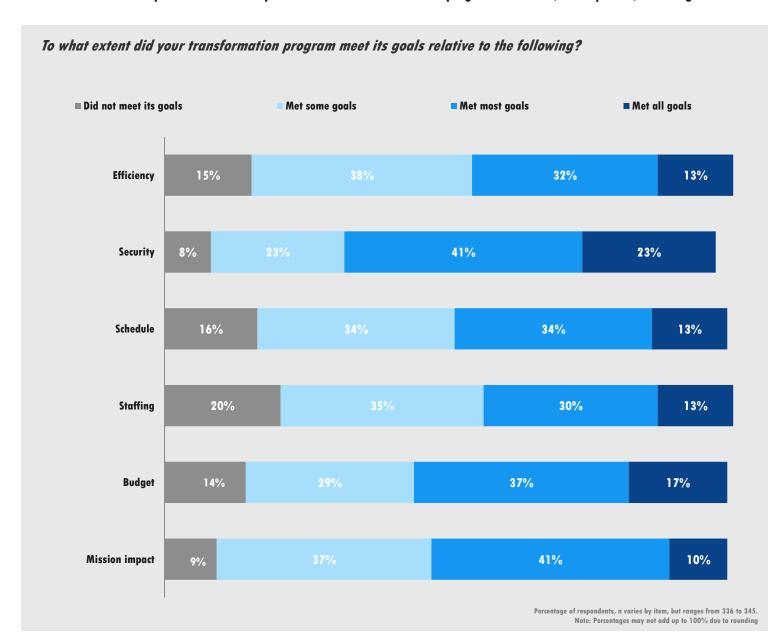
Of the respondents who have participated in a transformation program within the last 24 months, 31% were involved as a member of the project team, 27% had oversight responsibility as a senior agency leader, and 18% served as team or project managers.

The most common types of transformation projects were process optimization (efforts to make processes more efficient and perform better with less money), organizational redesign, and workforce transformation.

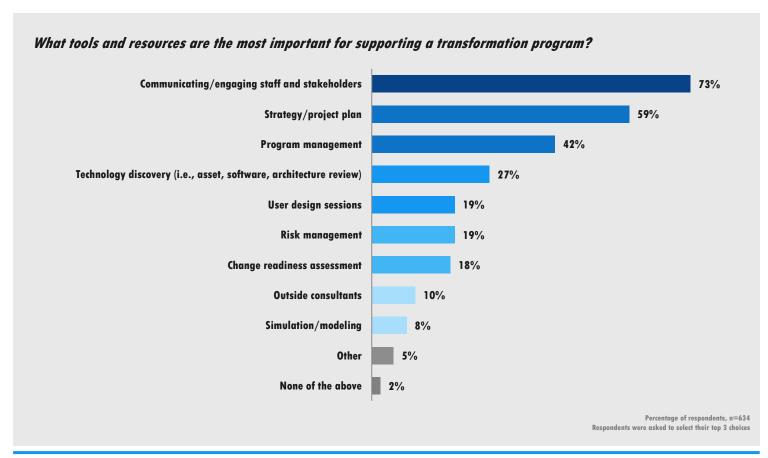
32%

of transformation programs were focused on process optimization.

At least one-third of respondents hold the opinion that their transformation programs met none, or only some, of their goals



Communicating and engaging with staff and stakeholders is the most important factor for supporting transformation programs



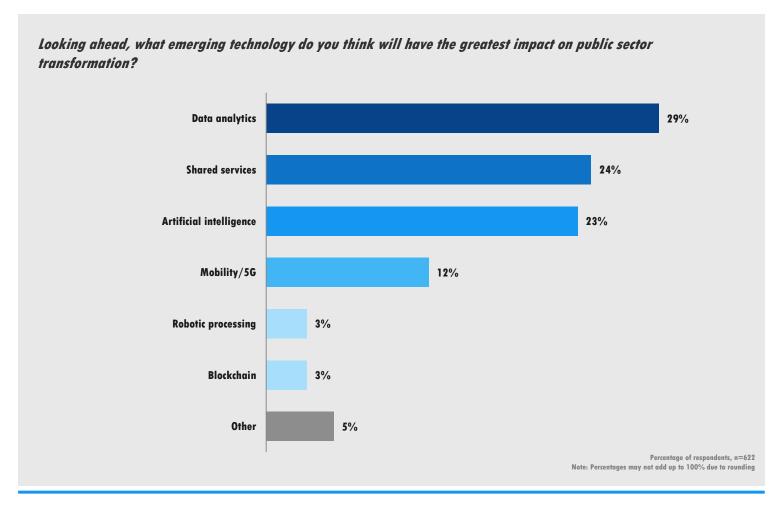
Beyond communication, smaller yet significant shares of respondents say that having a strategy or project plan and strong program management are key tools and resources for successful transformation programs.

"Other" responses specified by participants included funding, getting beyond politics/reduction of political influence, leadership, and rapid experimentation.

73%

of government respondents identify communicating and engaging with staff and stakeholders as important for supporting transformation programs.

Government respondents expect data analytics to have the greatest impact on public sector transformation



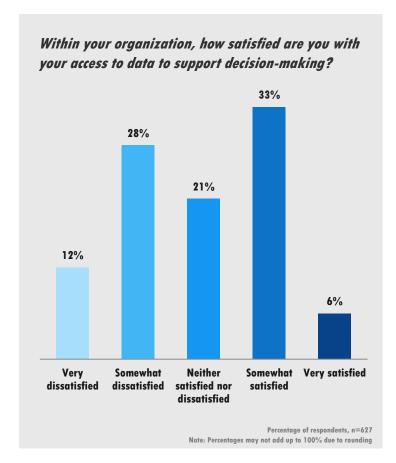
Respondents also signal that they expect shared services (24%) and artificial intelligence (23%) to have a significant impact on public sector transformation.

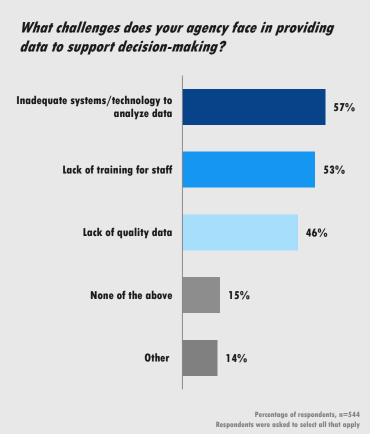
"Other" responses specified by participants included spatio-temporal intelligence, automated vehicles, broadband, and collaboration technology.

29%

of government respondents predict that data analytics will have the greatest impact on public sector transformation looking ahead.

Poor data access and quality present major challenges





While 39% of those polled are somewhat or very satisfied with their access to data to support decision-making, 40% are either somewhat or very dissatisfied.

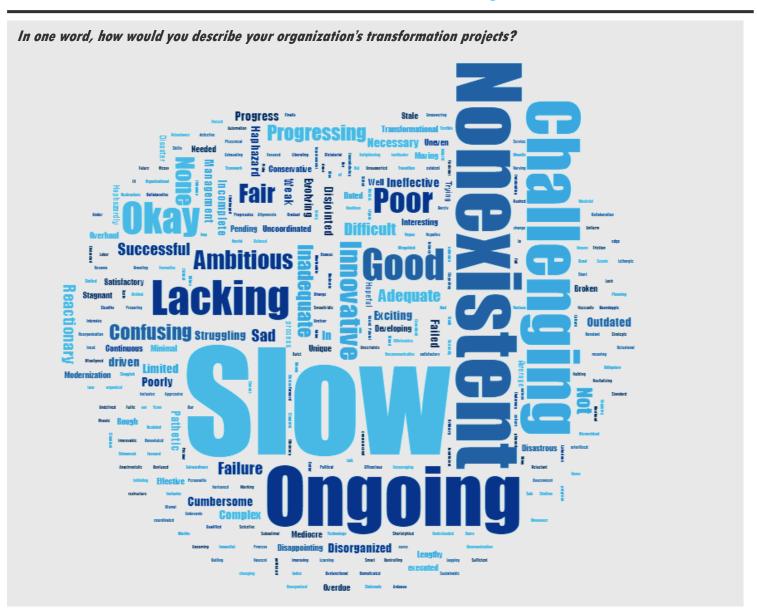
Inadequate systems and technology to analyze data and lack of training for staff rank as the most common challenges agencies face in providing data to support decision-making. Lack of quality data presents major headaches as well.

"Other" responses specified by participants included sharing information, more focus on providing data to public than staff, agreeing on the data and what they are measuring, lack of coordination between departments, lack of a data depository, lack of cooperation from stakeholders, and lack of integration of multiple systems.

40%

stated that they are either somewhat or very dissatisfied with their access to data to support decision-making within their organization.

What Respondents Say...



What Respondents Say...

"What transformation lessons learned would you share with other agencies?"

- Communication and planning are key to success.
 Embedding a dedicated business process reengineering unit into the organization is key. It is unreasonable to expect employees to do the day-to-day work and reinvent and transform at the same time.
- Train your trainers first. Implement the transformation strategy and keep it prioritized appropriately. Set dates for the transformation to phase in and the old processes to phase out.
- Don't be defensive. Be willing to change.
- Beware of transformation "burnout." Transformations take time. True transformations will still be a work in progress when the senior leader who initiated the transformation moves on. Think and plan for the long-term--and establish short-term milestones to track progress and, if necessary, make adjustments.
- Ensure that all key stakeholders have the time and resources necessary to perform their duties for the project. Many stakeholders are burdened with their day to day jobs, and this causes schedule slips and reduces active project communication.
- To transform, you must build with your customer, not for your customer. There is no value in surprise transformation.

- Patience; managing change takes time and will generally be most successful iteratively.
- It has to be more than just personality-driven, the entrenched stakeholders will just wait out the person who happens to be pushing this initiative.
- People first! Then processes and lastly technology that facilitates the process and is rolled out through workforce training. So very important to start and end with the people.
- Change management is difficult, even in the best conditions. No matter what people will say, they fear the unknown more than a known problem
- Plan plan plan, then train and inform BEFORE roll-out.
- Make peace with uncertainty. It is important to accept some degree of ambiguity about the transformation, and plan effectively to actively manage implementation and recalibrate strategy. There will always be one more factor to analyze, and all possible outcomes and eventualities cannot be mitigated during the planning stage.
- Communication, early and often, is critical. Input from the workforce is crucial - what looks like it makes sense on paper often does not make sense in execution.
- Plan for the long-term, build incrementally, and engage the impacted workforce in the transformation process.

Industry Perspective

EY's Perspective

Public sector leaders recognize the value of transformation to improve outdated processes, address citizen expectations, and save taxpayer dollars. They also fully understand how difficult it is to implement change. Some of the most significant challenges to transformation result from decisions made long before a program begins. Communicating the value of the program, building workable governance models, assigning program roles and responsibilities across the agency, and building performance models aligned with agency strategy are among the key activities that can make or break transformation success.

Whether an agency is looking to tap the potential of artificial intelligence or implement managed services, transformation planning is more involved than traditional project management. When asked "Which of the following are challenges to your organization's transformation initiatives?", survey respondents identified intra-agency coordination and priority management as their top challenges. These dimensions are not always addressed in traditional project plans.

EY recommends that public sector agencies develop a **Transformation Roadmap** that envisions the transformation from both a strategic and tactical view. Whereas common project plans are developed from a single function's (or contractor's) perspective, the Transformation Roadmap identifies how people will be impacted, how performance measures will align with agency strategy, and where intra-agency coordination is necessary — all driven by a change management approach that matches the agency's culture. The Roadmap should consider all the transformation levers the agency has available. Transformation levers include **organizational change** (e.g., operational model design); **process optimization** (e.g., shared services and automation); and **infrastructure redesign** (e.g., cloud adoption/optimization). In considering the best approach, the goal of the Transformation Office should be sustained performance improvement, but it should also recognize the importance of realizing and demonstrating near-term results.

"These are exciting times, as the promise of technology, robotics, and automation inspire public sector leaders to visualize more productive and impactful government services," says Roberta Mourão, EY's Government and Public Sector (GPS) Solutions Leader. "To realize the promise, as the survey respondents report, it is critical that agencies get the people dimensions right."

Final Considerations

Looking forward, leaders of public sector transformation programs should...

Acknowledge that people are at the core of any successful technological transformation

Human capital is the largest bottleneck to successfully meeting the objectives of transformation programs, as many current staff are not trained on new systems, and recruiting top talent proves challenging. Our survey found that meeting staffing needs was harder to accomplish than meeting budgetary goals. Agencies must focus on developing strategies for training current staff and hiring new employees in order to accomplish mission goals. Additionally, to ensure that there is one unifying and widely-understood strategy and plan fueling a transformation program, agencies should optimize their available platforms to coherently voice their transformation objectives.

Improve communication

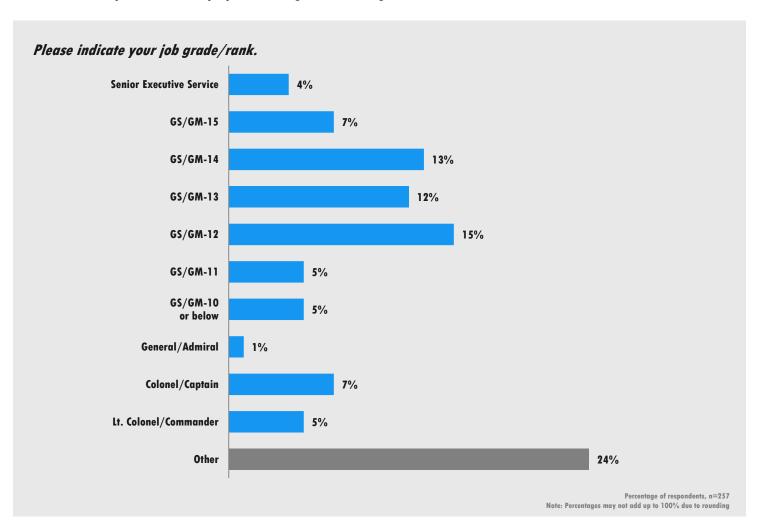
Government employees feel that open, frequent communication and staff engagement are the most significant drivers of successful transformation programs. In that same vein, respondents identify lack of coordination between departments and conflicting priorities as top challenges. While digital transformation inherently involves new technology, government agencies should use IT and novel systems to augment collaboration, rather than reduce interpersonal communication opportunities.

Prioritize data analysis systems and expanding data access

As more and more government agencies integrate smart devices and interactive applications to their user portals, the number of data points agencies collect is growing exponentially. This can result in feelings of futility amongst employees and users if the data is not properly utilized. Survey respondents feel that data analytics will have the greatest impact on their transformation efforts. As more technology vendors are meeting security compliance standards, agencies should make use of the abundance of data analytics tools available to optimize their missions.

Respondent Profile

Over a third of respondents are employed at the highest levels of government



Respondents represent a wide range of federal agencies and military branches

For which department/agency do you work?

Army General Services Administration

Navy Treasury

Air Force Marine Corps

Homeland Security Commerce

Agriculture Education

Other independent agency Combatant Commands

Transportation Justice

Office of the Secretary of Defense Small Business Administration

Interior Labor
Veterans Affairs State

Health and Human Services Congress/Legislative Branch

Housing and Urban Development Office of Personnel Management

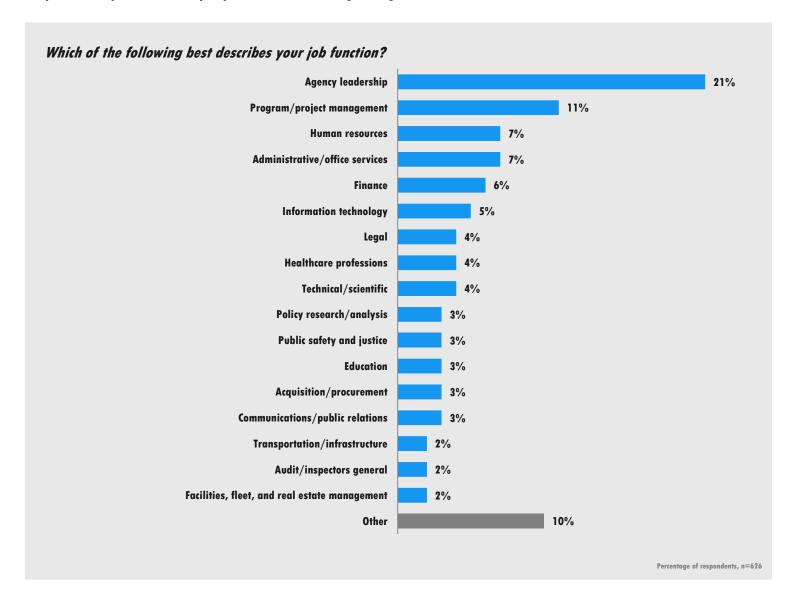
Environmental Protection Agency Agency for International Development

Social Security Administration Multiple departments/agencies

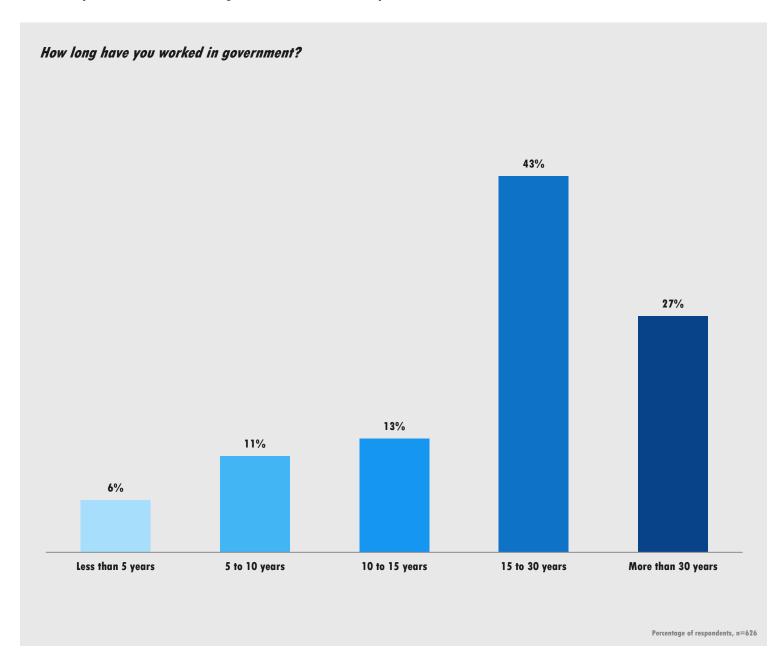
National Aeronautics and Space Administration Joint Chiefs of Staff

Departments and agencies are listed in order of frequency.

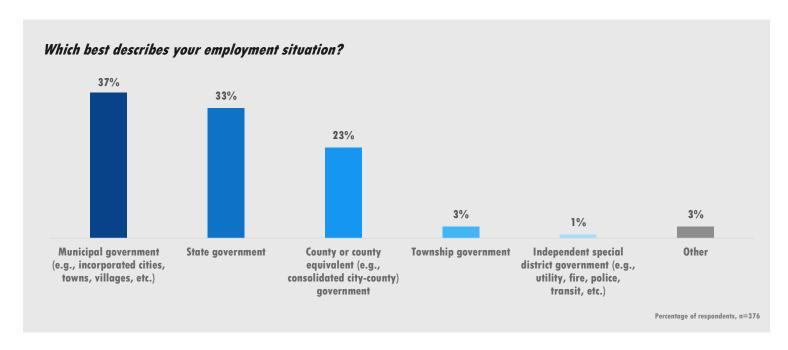
Respondents represent a variety of job functions, including management and technical roles

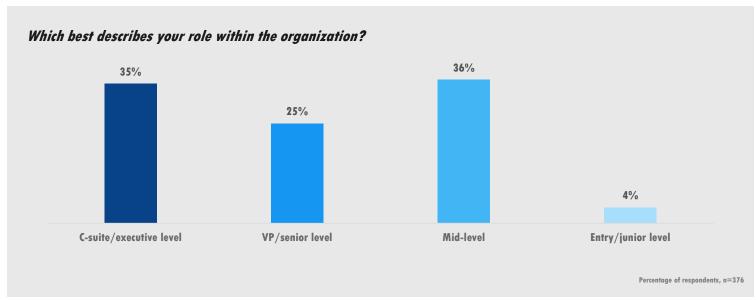


70% of respondents have worked in government for at least 15 years



Roughly two-thirds of state and local respondents work at the municipal or county level





About

Government Business Council

About Government Business Council

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Report Author: Lucy Bierer



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